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FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION

COPIES PLEASE TO ALL SENATE MEDICARE COMMITTEE MEMBERS Att: MR.E. HUMPHREY Committee SEC.

Date: 5/8/03 8pm.

No. of pages: 9 (incl.)

(02) 6277 5900

Select Committee on Medicare the sesults

of the secent AMA survey on GP income

for AN AVERAGE SO HOUR WEEK (Of 36 hts.

Community standard) with no consideration

of overtime" (after 5 pm) by the HIC, and no

holidan pay, sick leave, workers compensation,

a superannuation etc. by the HIC as the "defects"

employer of all GPs (about 80! of consultations are

"bulk-billed" to the HIC).

\$36,656 FOR A SOHR. WEEK AFTER TAX

ILLUSTRATES UNEQUINOCALLY AND GRAPHICALLY

THE EXTREME + MURDEROUS EXPLOITATION

OF GPS BY HEALTH BUREAUCRACIES AT THE

BEHEST OF "GOVERNMENT" AFFLICTED BY

BOTH MORAL AND FINANCIAL BANKRUPTCY

The Senate Committee may like to ponder

The panity (or greed?) by Federal Health

Sept. "Officials" (apparatchi'ks?) such as davies.

Sincerely,

Michael Sietryk.

GPs air grievances in survey

ALMOST one in three GPs will leave the profession within five years, and they blame poor remuneration and the threat of litigation for the move, an AMA survey has revealed.

The survey is another blow to flagging GP morale, with the results showing that only 55% of those surveyed would take up general practice if they had the chance to make the choice again.

Of the 403 GPs surveyed, 30% planned to quit general practice within five years, while another 18% would disappear within 10 years.

In a clear sign of GPs' views on the state of general practice, 75% said they would not encourage their children to follow in their footsteps.

AMA president Dr Bill Glasson said the survey was proof that frustration was driving GPs out of the profession.

"This should cause serious con-

cern given a drop in average GP time of just two hours per week is equivalent to the loss of about 1000 GPs in terms of patient time," he said.

The survey added further ammunition to the already fiery debate over GP red tape, with 52% of GPs saying they spend up to 10 hours a week on paperwork.

GPs wanted to work a 36-hour week and not the average 50-hour week they currently worked, the survey found.

However, 39% of GPs surveyed would stay in the profession and work longer hours if they were better remunerated, while 11% would stay on if they had less paperwork and 10% would persist with general practice if there was a reduction in the looming threat of litigation.

If these facts were resolved it could persuade GPs to move into or stay in where there were doctor shortages, Dr Glasson said.

Brad McLean

1 August 2003 | Australian Doctor

MEDICARE income and bulk-billing rates 2001/02 for recognised GPs and selected specialists excludes "very part-time" doctors with an income below \$82,415.

Source: Department of Health and Ageing and the AMA.

, F	Average fee-for- service income	Average income from Medicare rebates	% fee-for-service income from rebates	Bulk-billing rate	Practice costs (provided by AMA – include staff salaries, rent, equipment, car leases and indemnity costs)	** BEFORE TAX INCOME
VR GP	\$193,300	\$175,200	90.6%	74,2%	\$146,105 (per GP in two-GP	47,195
Anaesthetist	\$302,600	\$150,600	49.7%	5.1%	\$87,069	215,531
Dermatologist	\$414,500	\$305,100	73.6%	37.9%	\$212,657	201,843
Obstetrician and	\$419,300	\$227,400	54.2%	18.8%	\$257,653	161,647

AFTER TAX A GP EARNS A MERE \$ 36,656 FOR AN AV. 50 HOUR WEEK

WITH NO EXTRA FOR OVERTIME, SICKLEAVE, HOLDAY PAY + SUPERANNUATION.

THE AV. AUSTRALIAN WORKER WORKS 36 HRS. AND IS ENTITLED

TO OVERTIME AFTER 36 HRS. AS WELL AS SICKLEAVE ETC.

\$ 25 15 THE GOV. "BULK-BILLING" FEE FOR ITS "CONCESSION CARD"

HOLDERS - 1/2 OF WHAT A DOG IS WORTH AT THE VET!

47576 MP985 # Fibula

47579 MP995 # Patella

47594 MQ045# Ankle

47597 MQ055# Ankle

47627 MQ155# Tarsus

47606 MQ085# Calcaneum/talus

47609 MQ095# Calcaneum/talus

47633 MQ175# Metatarsal (1).

47636 MQ185# Metatarsal (1)

47642 MQ205# Metatarsals (2)

47645 MQ215# Metatarsals (2)

47651 MQ235# Metatarsals (>3)

47654 MQ245# Metatarsals (>3)

47612 MQ105# Calcaneum/talus Intra-artic

47621 MQ135# Tarso-metatarsal Intra-artic

	HEALTH MONITOR MED	DICAL CENTR	Lui	
	ABN 51 052 264 418		(A)	B
				"RVS"
MBS	AMA Description	Remark	Medicar	WorkCo
23	AA020 Consultation Level B	VR only	25.0 5	49.09
3 36	AA010 Consultation Level A AA030 Consultation Level C	VR only	11.45	18.45
44	AA040 Consultation Level D	VR only VR only	47,60 70.05	68,20 102,30
20	Nursing Home Visit Level A	<5 MIN	24.60	44.60
43	Nursing Home Visit Level C	<40 MIN	52.36	94.95
51	Nursing Home Visit Level D	>40 MIN	70.16	127.25
24 37	Home Visit - Level B AA110 Home Visit - Level C		35.60 52.45	64.65
47	AA120 Home Visit - Level D		70.30	94.95 127.25
30003	3 EA015 (Messing Of Burns	incl cons	25.05	38,80
	EA025 Dressing Of Burns - Large		32.05	66.15
	5 EA085 Repair Wound	not face neck	36.00	79.95
	EA095 Repair Deep Wound	<7cm not face	62.05	119.85
	2 EA105 Repair Wound Face Neck 5 EA115 Repair Deep Wound Face Neck	<7CM <7CM	56.90 81.00	107.40 159.90
	B EA125 Repair Wound >7cm	not face neck	62.05	119.85
	EA135 Repair Deep Wound>7cm	not face neck	99.30	255.95
	EA145 Repair Wound>7cm Face/nk		81.00	159.90
	EA155 Repair Deep Wound>7cm		103.20	262.25
	PA165 Report Wound Earleye/nose	full thickness	175.05	374.65
30064	EA195 R/o Foreign Body EA205 R/o Foreign Body	Super incl corn w~ incision	16.15 75.75	31,95 144.80
	EA215 R/o Deep Foreign Body	musc/tendon	154.15	380,85
	MN020 Dislocated Clavicle	close reduction	58.40	91.75
	MN060 Dislocated Shoulder MN070 Dislocated Elbow	-1 (58,40	86.80
	MN090 Dislocated Radioulnar Jt	close reduction close reduction	136.20 136.20	217.70 217.70
	MN110 Dislocated Carpus Cmp Jt	close reduction	136.20	217.70
47036	MN130 Dislocated P I P Jt	close reduction	58.40	93.05
	MN150 Dislocated M C P Jt	close reduction	77.85	124.65
	MN200 Dislocated Patella	close reduction	87.55	139.05
	MN220 Dislocated Ankle MN240 Dislocated Toe	close reduction close reduction	175,20 48,75	281.90
	MP005 # Terminal Phalanx	Close reduction	40.75 58.40	77.40 139,05
	MP015 # Terminal Phalanx Intra-	close reduction	68.15	162.60
	MP045 #rNtidle Phalanx	close reduction	87.55	209,80
	MP055 # Middle Phalanx Intra-articular	close reduction	100.60	238.65
	MP085 # Proximal Phalanx MP095 # Proximal Phalanx Intra-	close reduction	116.80	275.35
	MP125 #rivitetiararpal	close reduction close reduction	136,20 116,80	327.80 260.45
	MP135 # Metacarpal Intra-articular	close reduction	136.20	327.80
	MP165 # Carpus		64.80	154.75
	MP185 # Scaphoid		116.80	275,35
	MP205 # Distal Rad/ulna (wrist)	cast	90.90	217.70
	MP215 # Distal Rad/ulna (wrist) MP235 # Colles Smiths Barton	close reduction cast	136.20 116.80	327,80 275,35
	MP245 # Colles Smiths Barton	close reduction	194.60	465,60
	MP265 # Radius/ulnar Shaft	cast	116.80	275.35
	MP315 # Radius & Ulnar Shaft	cast	188.15	452,30
	MP345 # Olecranon		129.80	308.10
	MP375 # Radius (head/neck) MP395 # Humerus (tuberosity)		129.80	373.65
	MP415 # Humerus (tuberosity)	close reduction	77.85 181.70	186,20 432,70
	MP435 # Humerus (proximal)	oroca rocacion	149.20	354.05
	MP475 # Humerus (proximal)	w~ disloc	285.50	681.85
	MP505 # Humerus (shaft)		155.75	373.65
	MP535 # Humerus (distal)		181.70	432.70
	MP565 # Clavicle	•	77.85	186.20
	MP585 # Sternum MP615 # Rib(s)	each att	77,85 29.60	183,55 70,90
	MP625 # Pelvic Ring	edon att	129.80	308.10
	MP685 # Acetabulum & Dislocation		162.30	386.75
	MP765 # Femur	close red	298.40	714.55
	MP855 # Tibial Plateau (M/I)		155,75	373.65
	MP665 # Tibial Plateau (M/l) MP895 # Tibial Plateau (M&l)	close red	233,60	563,85
	MP915 # Tibia (shaft)	close red cast	400.85 188.15	930.95 427.80
	MP925 # Tibia (shaft)	close red	282.25	668.75
47567	MP955 # Tíbia (shaft) Intra-artic	close red	328.30	780.20
4757B	MPORS # Fibula		77 QE	100 00

77,85

110,35

149,20

223.85

162.30

243,35

282.25

282 25

110.35

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116.80

103,90

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243.35

close red

186.20

262.25

354.05

508.45

386.75

583.50

668.75

668.75

262.25

186.20

275.35

235,65

353.40

386.75

583.50

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN (B) AND (A) 15 DELIBERATE PREMEDITATED THEFT BY GOVERNMENT THE RELATIVE VALUE STUDY ("RVS") WAS AN INDEPENDENT UMPIRE" STUDY WHICH ARBITERED WHAT THE GOV. SHOULD BE PAYING FOR GP SERVICES. HUMAN BEINGS ARE NOT WORTH THE GOV'S MERE \$25 - 2 OF WHAT A DOG IS WORTH ATTHE VET! NEARLY \$2 BILLION IN MEDICARE FUNDS IS STOLEN BY H. I.C. BUREAUCRAIS EACH YEAR TO HELP FUND * PUBLIC SERVICE SUPERANNUATION - INCLUDING THEIR OWN !! \$49 IS THE PROPER FEE AS ARE ALL

THE OTHER FEES

SHOWN IN COLUMN (B)

ANDREW JOYNER

Canberra's mañana

Politicians' generous super payouts pale into insignificance next to the huge unfunded liabilities for public servants, as **Daryl Dixon** reports.

n 1978, the federal government's social welfare policy secretariat warned the Fraser government of an urgent need for superannuation reform to boost national saving, help provide for a rapidly ageing population and reduce a burgeoning foreign debt. Nearly 25 years later, due largely to government inaction and the reluctance of governments to bite the bullet, problems in superannuation abound.

Worse, taxpayers are losing faith in the integrity of politicians to act in the national interest. The most frustrating double standard is the retention, virtually unchanged, of the obscenely generous politicians' super scheme. While ordinary workers receive only 9% of salary employer contributions as their minimum guarantee, federal MPs qualify for a minimum indexed pension of 50% of their salary from age 55 onwards – merely by remaining in parliament for eight years.

As an example to the community, the scheme demonstrates unbridled self-interest. In aggregate terms, however, it is insignificant compared with the huge level of unfunded superannuation benefits promised to federal public servants and defence personnel.

By politicians' super standards, public servants and defence employees are secondclass citizens, but compared with the benefits available for the rest of the community, the federal schemes are extremely good.

Indeed, the federal government has chalked up a debt of almost \$90bn in unfunded superannuation liabilities for its employees. This debt is an actuarial estimate of the amount the Commonwealth should have contributed to cover its employees' promised benefits.

To put this into perspective, it represents more than twice the level of outstanding federal debt and about 15% of total super fund assets. Instead of funding the liabilities as they accrue, the Commonwealth has followed a strategy of dumping the bill on future taxpayers and politicians.

This is despite the fact federal laws as administered by the superannuation overseer, the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority, require private sector definedbenefit schemes to fund their super liabilities as they accrue. Spurred on by a \$200m shortfall in the Ansett fund and the resulting losses for former employees, APRA is calling for urgent reviews of funding levels in selected employer funds considered to be at risk because of market downturns.

Taxpayers and federal employees could, for the same reasons, demand the government start to put its own house in order. Several states, most notably Victoria and NSW, have been acting aggressively to reduce their unfunded super liabilities in a variety of ways.

These include closing defined-benefit funds and requiring operating departments to fund the accruing annual liability. Similarly, the Commonwealth has charged business enterprises and some operating units for employee access to the available super fund but only as a source of current revenue to fund above-the-line outlays.

In contrast, the federal government has been paid billions of dollars over the years by operating entities, such as Telstra and Australia Post, to fund accruing employee liabilities. However, instead of investing the money in a super fund, it has used it to fund recurrent outlays. This is one of Treasury's closest-held secrets and a major reason the Commonwealth's unfunded super liabilities are so high. Depressingly, there is no interest at the highest policy level in reducing such liabilities.

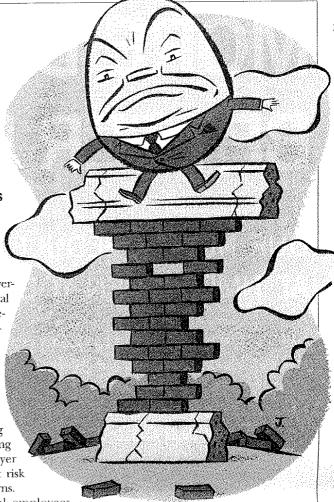
Whereas APRA rules force other defined-benefit funds to set aside current revenues to provide for liabilities, the federal government can offer benefits solely on the basis of its future credit standing.

The federal government is also applying dual standards on those fortunate members of the Commonwealth Superannuation Scheme. CSS legislation stops fund trustees from declaring a negative return even though fund earnings in the last financial year were a negative 5%.

The legislation means there is insufficient money in the CSS to cover the balances of all credited members. Unless the Commonwealth makes up the shortfall, continuing CSS members will lose a substantial part of their equity in the fund to exiting members cashing out their benefit.

APRA rules do not permit such gross discrimination against continuing members in any other super fund. Trustees are not able to declare returns not covered by fund earnings or investment reserves. This is why most Australians received negative returns last year.

Successive governments have been only too keen to ignore their burgeoning unfunded super liabilities. This will remain a viable policy only while federal fiscal finances remain in good shape. With rapid ageing of the population and a downturn in the world economy, this may not be for too long.



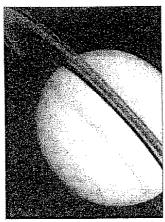


Govt denies GP funding crisis

FEDERAL health department claims that recent government Budget initiatives "more than offset" the historical underfunding of general practice rebates have produced fresh levels of exasperation at the AMA.

The department argued in its submission to the Senate Medicare inquiry that the AMA's Relative Value Study (RVS) conclusion, that a standard consultation was worth about \$50, was "incorrect".

Department modelling of the RVS results showed a "small degree" of under-funding of GP attendance items and that "government Budget decisions since the RVS was undertaken Ithe study was completed in



Some GPs may wonder which planet the government submission came from

2000] have more than offset this under-funding", the submission said.

AMA president Dr Bill Glasson

said he was shocked by the department submission.

'People become very cynical of bureaucrats when they take this approach," Dr Glasson said.

I would remind [the government] that the RVS was a bipartisan-funded review, and that the

"Blind Freddy could walk into a general practice and see that Medicare fees don't reflect the costs of running a practice.

The health department submission conceded, however, that the 30% increase in total funding for general practice in the past six years had not stemmed the fall in bulk-billing rates. It therefore concluded that increased Medicare rebates would not be an effective way to address access and affordability problems.

Dr Glasson said the department needed to focus on the facts.

"If they can't fund Medicare appropriately then they should

just say so," he said.

Meanwhile, the AMA Queensland (AMAQ) submission to the umpire came up with that fee (\$50) Senare inquiry said the federal government was "clearly unwilling" to fully fund private general practice, even though practical steps such as simplifying rebate claiming could save millions of dollars.

"In theory, every Medicare outlet around Australia could be closed, freeing up millions of dollars that could be available for healthcare rather than maintaining the ways of the past," the AMAQ submission said.

WEEKLYCOMMENT TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

The lie of the land ...

e assume politicians don't have honour, US poet Adrienne Rich said in 1975. "We read their statements trying to crack the code. The scandals of their politics: not so much that men in high places lie, only that they do so with such indifference, so endlessly, still expecting to be believed. We are accustomed to the contempt inherent in the political lie."

Although the words were spoken in New York in 1975, they are just as "we are becoming accustomed to the contempt inherent in the political lie".

.Two polls released last week are alarming. The media monitoring organisation, Rehame, said since July 1, 80 per cent of talkback radio callers and newspaper letter writers believed Prime Minister John Howard was the "purveyor of mistruths".

A Newspoll revealed 67 per cent of 1200 voters surveyed believed the Government had misled the public about weapons of mass destruction in Iraq. It confirms what many people believe: don't believe politicians.

This survey result and last week's Newspoll that showed Howard's

approval rating was 55 per cent is really alarming. And the Coalition's share of the primary vote is 45.1 per cent compared to Labor's 37.8.

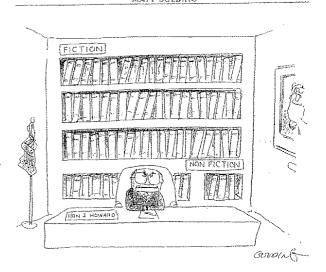
We don't mind politicians not telling us the truth; we accept it. Our scepticism about authority is healthy, but taken to the extent the polls show is disturbing.

As executive director of the St James Ethics Centre Simon Longstaff said last week, when people don't trust the people applicable in Australia in 2003. It seems who make the laws, there's a risk they * won't trust the laws. Social researcher Hugh Mackay says we've become disengaged, which means politicians can get away with what they want. It's a sad indictment on our society.

Maybe this cynicism is one reason why Regina Bird - now the country's second most famous fish and chip shop owner - won Big Brother. I didn't see much of the show but from what I did see and what Big Brother fans have told me, Bird had a refreshing warmth and honesty. Honourable traits in anyone, and much needed in a politician.

Neil Spark

MELBOURNE WEEKLY MAGAZINE JULY 27-AUGUST 2, 2003



bestquote

"There is nothing in the package that requires or justifies the increase or introduction of gap charges"

Federal Health
Department official
Philip Davies*
addressing the Senate
Medicare Inquiry

30 MEDICAL OBSERVER 1 AUGUST 2003

* WHAT PLANET IS DAVIES COMING FROM?

— OR IS HE SIMPLY TERRIFIED ABOUT THE SURVIVAL

OF HIS NON-FUNDED FEDERAL PS "SUPER"?

DAVIES IS SAYING THE \$25 M'CARE REBATE" (& OF WHAT

A DOG IS WORTH AT THE VET!) IS QUITE RIGHT!

7.

Bulk-billing: a failed social experiment

EDITOR: Why should doctors avoid bulk-billing? Apart from being wrong, it:

- wastes scarce resources
- has caused the virtual disappearance of many family doctors
- has devalued medical care in the eyes of doctors and patients.

Every time I read about this issue, somebody is asking for more money to be thrown to sustain bulk-billing ... as if it has some inherent merit.

The truth is that bulk-billing is bad for our health.

All family doctors used to do house calls and would help their patients if they were ill on the weekend. They used to give out their home phone numbers. Why did they stop and why are patients denied this important service and continuity of care?

Because bulk-billing has changed the way doctors do their job. Most work is done in quick-fix, bulk-billing medical centres, in which few patients build a relationship with a doctor.

We have reached the point at which people are happy to pay for an iridologist, naturopath or fortune teller, but refuse to even pay a small sum towards their medical care. This reflects badly on how our community values doctors. Little wonder many are leaving the profession.

It took the Russians 70 miserable years to learn that communism was a great theory that just did not work. It is time the bleeding hearts realised that bulk-billing for medical care is a failed social experiment.

Dr George Quittner Mosman, NSW

M.O. 1/8/03

** WELL-PAND "BLEEDING HEARTS" IN HEALTH BUREAUCRACIES

WITH A VESTED INTEREST IN KEEPING A SYSTEM

THAT BENEFITS NO-ONE BUT THEMSELVES.

** ALSO KNOWN AS THE "CHATTERING & CONTROLLING CLASSES!

From the DDA ... KEEPING IN MIND THE HIC IS UNELECTED,

The medical profession is continuing to feel pain because politicians don't listen.

THEY DO WSTEN

BUT CYMICAMAY

I ENORE

THE PRINCIPLES

OF NATURAL

JUSTICE

M.

O, there is a new Opposition health spokeswoman in Canberra, a nice mough young lady by all appearances. There will be many who are desperately hoping she will be nice to poor, long-suffering GPs if and when she gets to be health minister.

The new AMA president, Dr Bill Glasson, has made many powerful starements already, but I hope he will expect more of the new regime than what the AMA got from the old.

Dr. Glasson hopes that "the shadow health minister listens to what we have to say in the same way that the Health Minister, Senator Patterson, listens to what we say". She does? Really? Since when?

In almost 30 years of nvolvement in medico-politics, the only politician that I have come across who seemed to listen to doctors was lim Carlton while he was nealth minister and in the shadow ministry. His prede-

cessors and his successors in the Liberal Party were really different only in degree from their Labor counterparts if you judged them by their actions rather than by their words.

If anything, at least it was easier to see where you stood in respect of the Labor Parry.

I have pointed out in the past that many of the burdens imposed on us by the "Liberal" Government, such as the provider number legislation, were contained in a 1973 green paper produced for the Labor Party by that dangerous duo, Richard Scotton and John Deeble. Yes, I'm sure they all "listened" to what the AMA had to say.

The whole idea of making

doctors — and GPs in participal — totally dependent on the government could be every politician's dream. What a bonanza to dangle in front of voters! All the promises that can be offered, knowing that there is an army of captives who will have no alternative but to fulfil those promises.

apparently rely on the income

be retained because many GPs

is precisely why every effort

should be made to scrap them.

from these schemes, But this

schemes such as the PIP should

The current squabbling over

tice doors open," the ADGP's

"Many doctors rely on these programs to keep their prac-

Dr Rob Walters said.

the practice incentives pro-

gram and other "incentive"

crumbs from the government

llustrates that the government

is right on track. The Aus-

ralian Divisions of General Practice has stated that

What the Labor schemers set out to achieve is being achieved even faster by a Liberal government. Yes, I'm sue they all "listened" to what the AMA had to say.

A survey by the AMA has apparently shown that most of those surveyed would support the scrapping of the PIP and enhanced primary care items. This is encouraging.

It is a pity so many GPs had to find out the hard way that the chief beneficiaries of most

government schemes are politicians and bureaucrats — certainly not GPs or patients.

DR JODHI MENON

The people we have really got to talk to are not the polincians but the patients. Every time useful medications or ancillary treatments are removed from the government subsidy list, we should point out as often as possible that such moves are necessary to maintain the charade of Medicare and its huge bureaucracy, and to help politicians win elections.

We should point out how these rationing moves have created an inequality of access that did not exist before. The public must be made aware of how much they are losing—and suffering—as a direct result of the political "conjob". Concurs reads of the public becomes angry enough, perhaps the politicians will listen—even to the

Dr Menon is a spokesman for, and former national president of, Private Doctors of Australia.

AND THOSE SKILLS ARE NOT AVAILABLE TO SELF-SERVING (VOTE-BUYING) POLITICIANS IF THE HIC BECS IN DIFFER THEN IT EXPOSES ITSELF AS FABIAN TOTALITARIAN/MARXIST. "FABIAN" IN THAT THE HIE POSES AS AN INSURANCE PROVIDER" TO GAIN ABSOLUTIST CONTROL OF GPS. D.R. MENON'S POINT IS TABT IT IS THE GP THAT OWNS HIS OR HER SKILLS AND THE VOTERS PUNTERS FOR WHATEVER FEE GOVERNMENT "CHOOSES TO PAY

Vhat's up,

MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS OFTEN FOCUS ON THEIR CAREERS TO THE DETRIMENT OF THEIR PERSONAL LIVES. IT'S ALL A MATTER OF BALANCE.

BY PROFESSOR BOB MONTGOMERY

So, how's your life, doc? Over the years a few medicos have come to have a yarn with me (or have sometimes been dragged in by an unhappy spouse), and I have observed some common traps for doctors. What follows is not meant to make you feel pessimistic, but to alert you to possibilities that may creep into your life. Like mozzies, earliest spotted, soonest swatted.

As you will have almost certainly noticed, doctors postpone earning a reasonable income for years, compared with their high school mates or even nonrnedical university student peers. Medical courses take several years longer than almost all other professional degrees and, even after qualifying, you are required to spend a couple of years as comparatively cheap labour. Once a doctor is in a position to start earning a reasonable income, you have a lot of catching up to do financially, especially if you acquired student debt. Add to that the possible financial pressures of setting up a home or a practice, and it's not surprising that some doctors work long hours trying to balance the books.

Two other factors can weigh in here. Some of a doctor's work is urgent and potentially life-preserving, which means it can't be postponed. Sometimes you just have to work late. And some doctors work in situations where medical services can be thin on the ground, such as in remote and rural Australia.

With all these pressures, it's not surprising that some doctors slip into unbalanced lifestyles. They spend too much time on the job and not enough on their marriage, family, recreation, friends, or keeping up to date professionally. Sometimes you may recognise this yourself but stay in the trap because you want to believe it's temporary - just until you pay off the mortgage. Sometimes you may not notice how unbalanced your existence has become because it seems a natural continuation of your life as a student or an intern. Either way, it has become a habit --- a stressinducing habit that's bad for your health, bad for your work and bad for the important relationships in your life,

.... Stress arises when there is a mismatch between the demands in your life and your coping skills and abilities. Effective stress management is essentially about regaining that balance, so your coping skills are equal to the demands on you and vice versa.

Sadly, the high numbers of doctors with substance abuse or dependence problems, or divorces tell us we have not done as good a job as we should in teaching our medical students self-care.

Because if we want to go on caring for the people who depend on us for that care, we must give reasonable self-care real priority. It's all a matter of balance.

Bob Montgomery is professor and head of the centre for applied psychology at the University of Canberra and a media spokesman for the Australian Psychological Society.

Focus August 2003 29

MOST OF THE "PRESSURE" ON GPS STEMS FROM THEIR GROSS EXPLOITATION BY GOVERNMENT AND THE "HEALTH BUREAUCRACY" WHICH HAVE EXHIBITED ATROCIOUS MORAL TIRPITUDE AND SELF- SERVING BEHAVIOUR IN THEIR DEALINGS WITH GPS.

THIS NATION HAS "ANTI-DISCRIMINATION" LEGISLATION AND LAWS FORBIDDING BULLYING IN THE WORKPLACE. THERE IS ALSO THE STRAIGHT FORWARD MATTER OF "NATURAL JUSTICE" IT IS TIME THAT OUTRAGEOUS MALFEASANCE BY THE GOV. HIC AXIS WAS BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT IN PROPER COURTS OF LAW.

REPEATING AGAIN MY PREPAREDNESS AND ENTHOUSIASM FOR APPEARING PERSONALLY IN FRONT OF THE SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE ON "MEDICARE" AT SHORT NOTICE, TO CONTEST THE PROPAGANDA FROM HEALTH BUREAUCRACY" T) ISSEMBLERS

6/8/03.