BY HAND DELIVERY

Dr Jacqueline Dewar Committee Secretary Parliamentary Joint Committee on the Australian Crime Commission S1.107 Parliament House CANBERRA ACT 2600

Dear Dr Dewar

ACC Responses to Matters Raised at the PJC Hearing on 6 July 2007

With reference to the PJC Inquiry into the future impact of serious and organised crime on Australian society I would like to provide responses the three matters raised during the ACC appearance before the Committee in Canberra on 6 July 2007.

The first matter relates to the PJC Chair's request that I provide a considered response regarding Customs access to telephone intercept powers. I have reviewed the information provided to the PJC by Customs and my earlier advice to the Committee remains unchanged. The question of whether or not Customs should have access to telephone interception powers is a matter for Government and it would be inappropriate for the ACC to offer comment on this issue. The ACC is, however, aware that Customs and the Attorney-General's Department are working together on this matter.

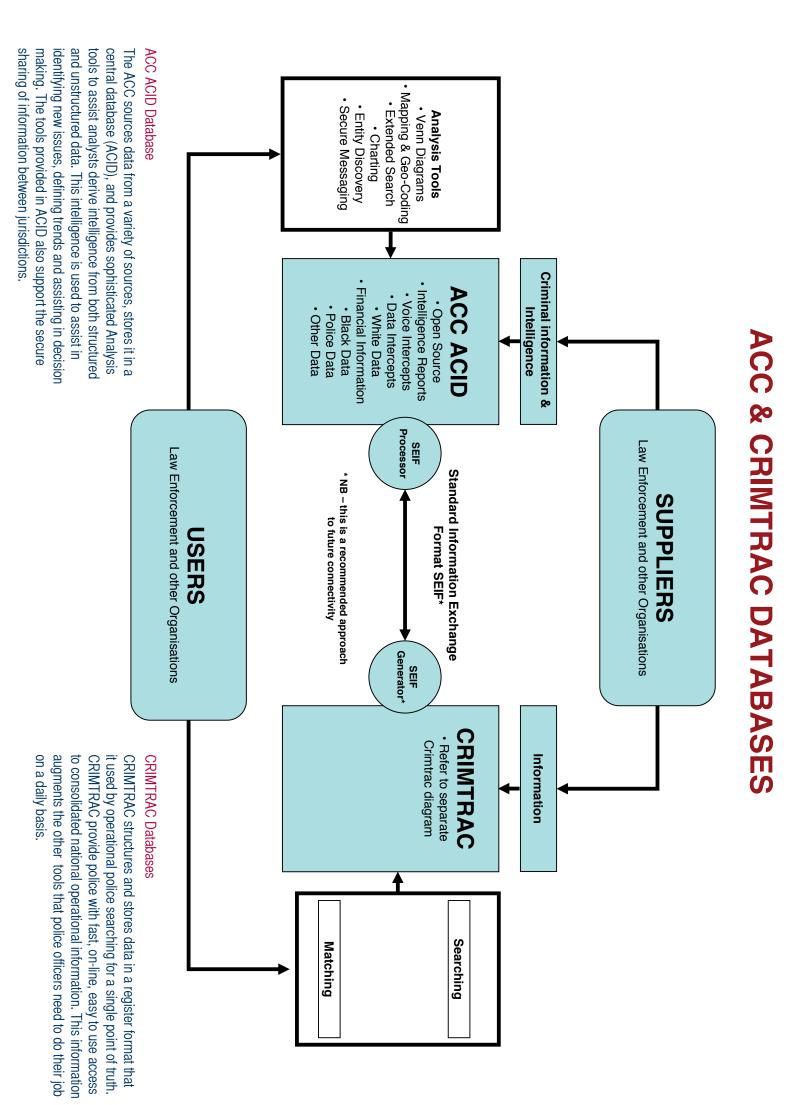
The second matter relates to my undertaking to provide an explanatory diagram to show the current functions and connectivity issues between CRIMTRAC and ACC databases. Diagrams of these databases are attached. I would like to nominate Mr Kevin Kitson, the ACC's Executive Director Strategic Outlook and Policy, as the ACC contact if further information on this matter is required by the Committee.

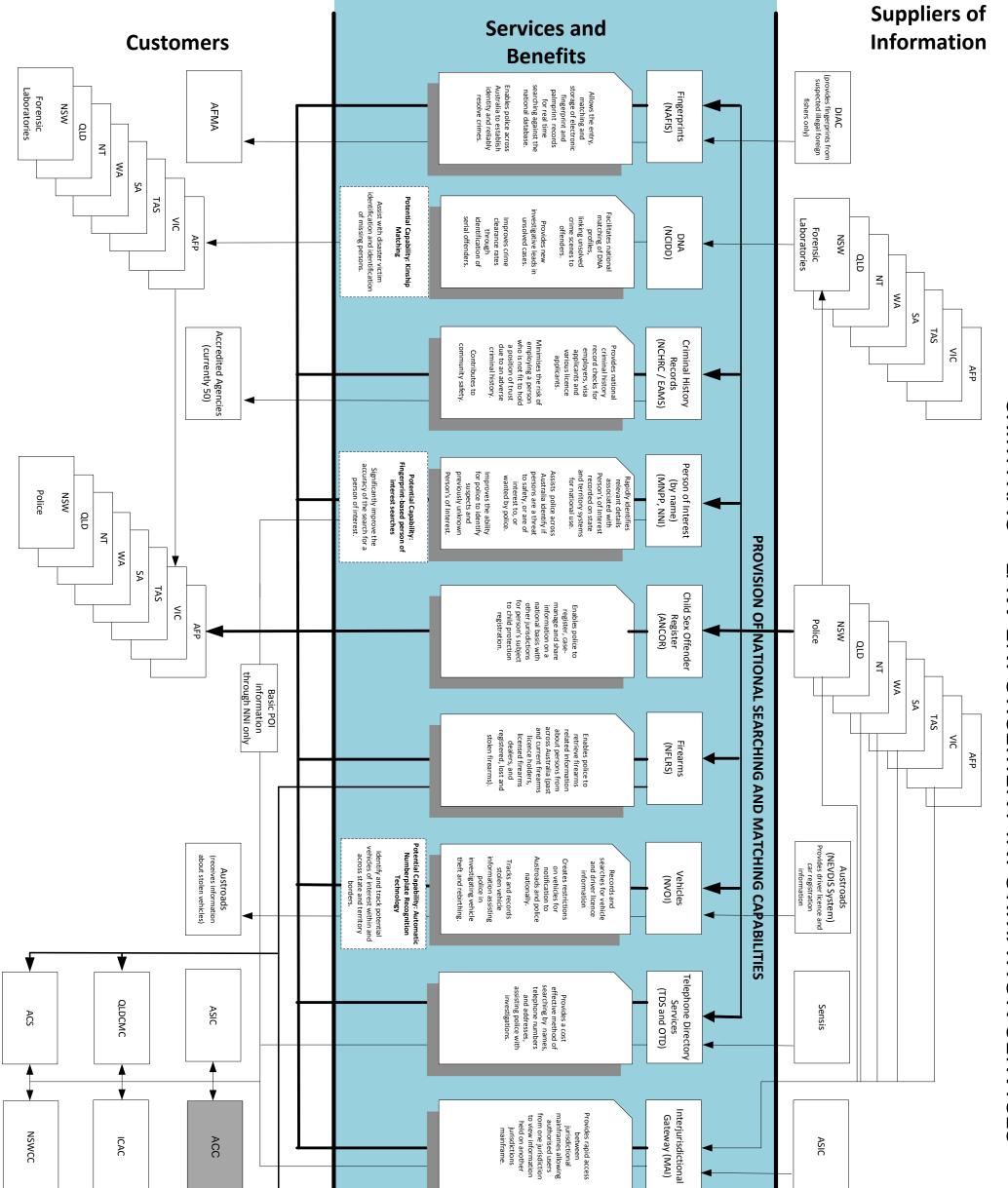
The third matter relates to my undertaking to inform you of what the ACC has being doing in regards to the issue of a contempt power, since it was raised at the 2005 Review of the ACC Act. While noting that the Government has not yet responded to the recommendations from the PJC-ACC Review of the ACC Act, the ACC has undertaken the following activities to advance the contempt issue. We have prepared a paper on the issue to inform discussions with the Attorney-General's Department, held discussions with the Attorney-General's Department on this issue and contributed to the independent review of the operation of certain statutory provisions of the National Crime Authority Act 1984 and the Australian Crime Commission Act

2002. The review has been completed and we understand that the Department is awaiting responses from members of the Inter-Governmental Committee on the ACC. The review will be tabled in Parliament when all responses have been received.

Yours sincerely

Alastair Milroy Chief Executive Officer 13 August 2007





CRIMTRAC – LAW ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION SERVICES

Requires agreement as to the type of information to which complies with the AGIMO endorsed standard with an emphasis on information-based policing facilitated through rapid access to detailed, current and information technologies and opportunities that would CrimTrac is also required under its strategic plan to be CrimTrac aims to enhance Australian law enforcement sharing solutions for law enforcement agencies, for a 0 protocols (CrimTrac Interoperability Architecture Potential Capability: Linkage between CrimTrac access to national operational policing information. This information augments the other tools that police Requires approval by the Board of Management enforcement agencies, with fast, on-line, easy to use be accessed from CrimTrac systems by the ACC national approaches to information to information (information owners) of information exchange Requires agreement on information exchange proactive in identifying and investigating emerging CrimTrac will take a leadership role in generating CrimTrac acts as an information broker providing be beneficial to law enforcement agencies for operational police, and increasingly other law officers need to do their job on a daily basis. J for information exchange or SIEF). systems and <u>ACC-ACID</u> system consideration by stakeholders. Responsive · Innovative · Accountable accurate police information. arrangements. safer Australia. \leq NOISION -フ Þ C