# SENATE EMPLOYMENT, WORKPLACE RELATIONS AND EDUCATION LEGISLATION COMMITTEE 

# 2006-2007 ADDITIONAL SENATE ESTIMATES HEARING 15 FEBRUARY 2007 EMPLOYMENT AND WORKPLACE RELATIONS PORTFOLIO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE 

Outcome 2: Higher productivity, higher pay workplace
Output Group 2.1: Workplace relations policy and analysis
Output 2.1.1: Workplace relations policy advice

Question Number: W1227-07

## Question:

Senator Wong asked in writing:
Real wages and gender pay gap With regards to W792-07 on gender pay inequality, please provide the calculations/equations used to arrive at these statistics.

## Answer:

Refer to the letters accompanying the table over the page.
Step 1: Calculate male average hourly earnings (C) with the following equation:
$C=A / B$
Step 2: Calculate female average hourly earnings ( F ) with the following equation:
$\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{D} / \mathrm{E}$
Step 3: Calculate the gender earnings ratio for adult full-time hourly earnings (G) with the following equation:
$\mathrm{G}=(\mathrm{F} / \mathrm{C}) * 100$

Estimated cost: Based on the FOI calculator it has taken approximately 2 hours and 35 minutes at an estimated cost of $\$ 49$ to prepare this answer.

|  | MALE |  |  | FEMALE |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full-time Adult Average Weekly Earnings (original) (\$) | Average weekly hours worked by full-time employees in non-agricultural industries aged 20 years and over (original) (hours) | Average hourly earnings (\$/hour) | Full-time Adult Average Weekly Earnings (original) (\$) | Average weekly hours worked by full-time employees in non-agricultural industries aged 20 years and over (original) (hours) | Average hourly earnings (\$/hour) | Gender earnings ratio for adult fulltime hourly earnings (\%) |
|  | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) | (E) | (F) | (G) |
| May-96 | \$774.20 | 42.7 | \$18.13 | \$607.90 | 38.9 | \$15.64 | 86.2\% |
| May-97 | \$795.80 | 42.7 | \$18.64 | \$634.80 | 38.6 | \$16.46 | 88.3\% |
| May-98 | \$829.90 | 42.6 | \$19.49 | \$660.60 | 38.6 | \$17.10 | 87.7\% |
| May-99 | \$853.40 | 43.1 | \$19.82 | \$683.50 | 38.9 | \$17.58 | 88.7\% |
| May-00 | \$884.90 | 43.1 | \$20.53 | \$714.50 | 39.0 | \$18.32 | 89.2\% |
| May-01 | \$923.40 | 43.0 | \$21.49 | \$750.60 | 39.0 | \$19.26 | 89.6\% |
| May-02 | \$972.10 | 42.7 | \$22.76 | \$787.80 | 38.7 | \$20.35 | 89.4\% |
| May-03 | \$1,033.80 | 42.6 | \$24.29 | \$834.00 | 38.7 | \$21.54 | 88.6\% |
| May-04 | \$1,065.30 | 42.5 | \$25.05 | \$866.30 | 38.4 | \$22.53 | 89.9\% |
| May-05 | \$1,136.90 | 42.8 | \$26.56 | \$917.50 | 38.7 | \$23.71 | 89.3\% |
| May-06 | \$1,165.20 | 42.8 | \$27.22 | \$948.10 | 38.8 | \$24.44 | 89.8\% |

Sources:
(a) ABS Average Weekly Earnings (Cat. No. 6302.0), November 2006, original data.
(b) ABS Labour Force, Australia - Detailed Electronic Release (Cat. No. 6291.0.55.001), original data.

Note: Columns (C), (F) and (G) are calculations made by the Department. These calculations are subject to rounding.

