

**Senate Standing Committee on Economics**

**ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE**

**Treasury Portfolio**

**Budget Estimates**

1 June – 3 June 2010

**Question: BET 91**

**Topic: Dwelling Investment**

**Hansard Page: E26 (03/06/2010)**

**Senator HUMPHRIES asked:**

**Senator HUMPHRIES**—I want to ask about the reference in Budget Paper No. 1, on page 217, under the heading ‘Dwelling investment’:

Demand in the sector is expected to be supported over the forecast period by strong population growth, rising incomes and a positive employment outlook, but tempered by higher mortgage interest rates.

Could you give me an idea of what sort of work Treasury has done to support that statement?

**Dr Kennedy**—Unfortunately, those questions would normally go to the Macroeconomics Group who prepare the forecast. I can talk in general terms, and I will, around the housing market forecast, but our Macroeconomics Group prepares the budget forecast and makes those assessments, although we feed into them. I am happy to make a couple of remarks. Were you particularly interested in an aspect of that assessment—the demand aspect?

**Senator HUMPHRIES**—I am particularly interested in the higher interest rates aspect. When you make reference to higher interest rates, do you have a projection or modelling on how high interest rates might go?

**Dr Kennedy**—I am sorry, Senator, but that is a question that would have to go directly to the Macroeconomics Group. They have a set of assumptions they use in preparing the forecasts. I am sorry that I cannot provide you with that detail, but I would be happy to take it on notice for you. I do know for a fact that they do not independently forecast those interest rates. They have an assumption that they use. In the past it was a 30-day average struck at the time when the forecasts were prepared. I noticed that in more recent times people have tended to use the forward curve—what the market is suggesting interest rates will be. I do not have those technical details with me. The assumptions are usually outlined in the section that discusses the forecast. I will ask one of my colleagues whether he can find that assumption for you.

**Senator HUMPHRIES**—Thank you. I could find assumptions about growth and unemployment but not one about interest rates. I would be grateful if you could direct me to that.

**Mr Lonsdale**—The key assumptions are outlined on page 2-7, but the issue of interest rates is not explicitly one of those.

**Dr Kennedy**—We will take that on notice for you and talk to our colleagues in Macro Group and tell you how that was derived.

**Senator HUMPHRIES**—Thank you very much.

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**Answer:**

Like many other countries, dwelling investment in Australia is sensitive to movements in interest rates. In the 2010-11 Budget forecasts, interest rates are assumed to move in line with market expectations at the time.

The forecasting assumption for interest rates is explained in the note to Table 1 of Budget Statement 2 (page 2-7 of Budget Paper No. 1, 2010-11 Budget).