## **Senate Community Affairs Committee**

## ANSWERS TO ESTIMATES QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

### **HEALTH PORTFOLIO**

# Supplementary Budget Estimates 2015 - 2016, 21 October 2015

**Ref No:** SQ15-000761

**OUTCOME:** 9 - Biosecurity and Emergency Response

**Topic:** Lyme Disease - Testing

Type of Question: Written Question on Notice

Senator: Madigan, John

### **Question:**

International research has identified a large number of species/strains of Borrelia. What species of Borrelia do accredited Australian laboratories now test for? What species/strains of Borrelia are left out of accredited Australian testing and why? E.g. research has found B. miyamotoi in Europe and the US, which are currently seen by the Australian health system, as the primary countries where a person can be infected with Borrelia yet accredited Australian laboratories do not routinely test for the miyamotoi strain.

### **Answer:**

Australian medical testing laboratories offer laboratory tests that will detect antibodies to *Borrelia burgdorferi* sensu lato. Commercial in vitro diagnostic assays for *Borrelia miyamotoi* are not widely available. However, Australian pathologists will routinely communicate with overseas experts in reference centres, e.g., the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in the United States and arrange for testing if deemed necessary.