# Australian Food and Grocery Council SUBMISSION

21 OCTOBER 2011

### TO:

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEES ON RURAL AFFAIRS AND TRANSPORT

### **IN RESPONSE TO:**

INQUIRY INTO THE QUARANTINE AMENDMENT (DISALLOWING PERMITS) BILL 2011.



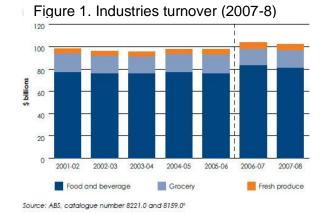
### 1. PREFACE

The Australian Food and Grocery Council (AFGC) is the leading national organisation representing Australia's food, drink and grocery manufacturing industry. Membership of AFGC comprises more than 150 companies, subsidiaries and associates which constitutes in the order of 80 per cent of the gross

dollar value of the processed food, beverage and grocery products sectors. (A full list of members is included in Appendix A).

AFGC's aim is for the Australian food, beverage and grocery manufacturing industry to be world-class, sustainable, socially-responsible and competing profitably domestically and overseas.

With an annual turnover of \$102 billion (Figure 1), Australia's food and grocery manufacturing industry makes a substantial contribution to the Australian economy and is vital to the nation's future prosperity.



Manufacturing of food, beverages and groceries in the fast moving consumer goods sector1 is Australia's largest and most important manufacturing industry, four times larger than the automotive parts sector – the food and grocery manufacturing industry is a vital contributor to the wealth and health of our nation. Representing 28 per cent of total manufacturing turnover, the sector is comparable in size to the Australian mining sector and is more than four times larger than the automotive sector.

The industry's products are in more than 24 million meals, consumed by 22 million Australians every day, every week and every year. The food and grocery manufacturing sector employs more than 288,000 people representing about 3 per cent of all employed people in Australia paying around \$13 billion a year in salaries and wages.

The growing and sustainable industry is made up of 38,000 businesses and accounts for \$44 billion of the nation's international trade. The industry's total sales and service income in 2007-08 was \$102 billion and value-added increased to nearly \$27 billion2. The industry spends about \$3.8 billion a year on capital investment and over \$500 million a year on research and development.

Many food manufacturing plants are located outside the metropolitan regions. The industry makes a large contribution to rural and regional Australia economies, with almost half of the total persons employed being in rural and regional Australia3. It is essential for the economic and social development of Australia, and particularly rural and regional Australia, that the magnitude, significance and contribution of this industry is recognised and factored into the Government's economic, industrial and trade policies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fast moving consumer goods includes all products bought almost daily by Australians through retail outlets including food, beverages, toiletries, cosmetics, household cleaning items etc..

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> AFGC and KMPG. *State of the Industry 2010.* Essential information: facts and figures. Australian Food and Grocery Council. Oct 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> About Australia: www.dfat.gov.au

#### 2. SUMMARY

The Australian Food and Grocery Council (AFGC) welcomes the opportunity to make a submission to the Senate Standing Committees on Rural Affairs and Transport inquiry into the Quarantine Amendment (Disallowing Permits) Bill 2011.

AFGC recognises the community concerns around the importation of agricultural and biological materials and supports the need for a robust risk assessment process to ensure that Australian agricultural and horticultural production is not compromised by the inadvertent introduction of foreign diseases. However, the AFGC also recognises that some of these concerns stem from the economic disadvantage that Australian producers are placed in competing with imported product.

In our view, the Bill will not achieve its proposed objective of "protecting Australia's agricultural sector from disease by further scrutiny of import risk analyses and quarantine determinations".

Australia relies on global trade for both imported and exported products, and is party to the World Trade Organisation (WTO). Australian agricultural exports benefit significantly by being party to the global trading systems and Australia has obligations to uphold the requirements for fair and reasonable access to markets.

The WTO agreement on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures allows Australian to enforce animal and plant health measures provided they are scientifically justifiable or based on international standards. The measures must also be applied only to the extent necessary to protect human, animal or plant life, health or safety and must not be arbitrarily introduced as a technical barrier to trade.

In undertaking a review or a risk assessment of Biosecurity concerns, there is ample opportunity for all stakeholders to make submissions and provide evidence of potential risks to their industry should imported product be permitted entry to Australia.

The AFGC is concerned that the proposed Bill will be seen by Australia's trading partners as a blatant attempt at political interference with the processes of risk assessment and administration of quarantine requirements. That the Bill proposes to make the issuing of permits a disallowable instrument overrides the sound scientific evidence and determination of Biosecurity Australia and the Director of Quarantine and also places Australia in jeopardy of compromising existing World Trade Organisation requirements.

AFGC requests the Senate Standing Committees on Rural Affairs and Transport to recommend the Bill not be passed on the grounds that it:

- undermines Australia's trading obligations under the World Trade Organisation;
- compromises the scientific evidenced based framework of the risk assessment process established through Biosecurity Australia; and
- is not appropriate for the Parliament of the day to circumvent the administration of Biosecurity and guarantine risk assessments undertaken by the Director of Quarantine.

<sup>4 (</sup>Senator Xenophon, second reading speech, 25 August 2011).

### 3. RISK ASSESSMENT

Australia's quarantine policy is based on the assessment and management of pest and disease risk to human, animal and plant health and the environment. The Australian Quarantine and Inspection Service (AQIS) manages the risk associated with imported products in various ways, and based on the scientific advice provided by Biosecurity Australia

Biosecurity Australia is the unit within the Biosecurity Services Group, in the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry, responsible for recommendations for the development of Australia's biosecurity policy.

Biosecurity Australia undertakes science-based risk assessments and provides quarantine policy advice to protect Australia's animal and plant health status and natural environment. It also provides technical advice to enhance Australia's access to international markets and participate in international organisations that set biosecurity standards.

Biosecurity Australia develops and reviews quarantine policies. The process to develop a new quarantine policy, where no policy exists, is called an import risk analysis (IRA). Biosecurity Australia's expert scientific staff provide technical advice and support in the development of international quarantine standards and help to develop quarantine expertise in our region.

As a World Trade Organization (WTO) member, Australia is obliged under the Agreement on the Application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures (SPS Agreement) to consider all import requests from other countries concerning agricultural products, just as other member countries are obliged to consider our requests.

Decisions to permit or reject an import application can (rightly) be made only on sound scientific based evidence. Biosecurity Australia also works with international agencies that set standards for animal and plant health. These are:

- The World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE), which informs member countries of animal disease outbreaks throughout the world, and studies new ways of controlling animal diseases and sets international standards; and
- The International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC) which provides a framework for international cooperation, sets international standards and exchanges information on plant health.

The decision to issue a Quarantine permit to import some products is subject to certain quarantine conditions stipulated as a result of the Biosecurity Australia risk assessment. Some products from certain countries may be assessed as posing significant risk and are not allowed entry into Australia. Other products are only allowed into Australia upon the granting of an Import Permit from AQIS.

Under the Quarantine Act, an application can be made to the Director of Quarantine to issue a permit for the importation of a thing of a class of things. In considering the application the Director of Quarantine will take into account advice from Biosecurity Australia as to the risk posed by the thing to be imported.

The Australian parliament has put in place a comprehensive system for implementing the appropriate level of protection for imports and exports of goods. AFGC is of the view, that this Bill would take Parliament beyond the setting of the system and require the Parliament to engage in the administrative and operational implementation of policy. This is clearly beyond the role of Parliament.

## 4. THE BILL WILL ADD ANOTHER COSTLY REGULATORY BURDEN TO BUSINESS

The Bill introduces further costly administrative processes and delays and compromises the legitimate importation of products into Australia that have been approved by Biosecurity Australia's risk assessment process. This adds to the further uncertainty and business risks faced by food manufacturers, and further increases the complexity of running businesses in Australia. Australian businesses will be forced to incur significant costs and delays in establishing and maintaining supply contracts and risk losing their retail space to market if a shortfall in locally sourced ingredients requires a manufacturer to source imported ingredients.

The AFGC is concerned that the proposed Bill will be seen by Australia's trading partners as a blatant attempt at political interference with the processes of risk assessment and administration of quarantine requirements.

The Bill is inherently flawed in that it proposes to make the issuing of permits a disallowable instrument by the fact that it completely undermines the sound scientific evidence based system of Biosecurity Australia and the Director of Quarantine. It also places Australia in jeopardy of being not complying with World Trade Organisation requirements.

While there are legitimate concerns of farmers and growers about their ability to compete against cheap imports, particularly with a high Australian dollar and the threat of even higher input costs with rising power, electricity, water and wages, the proposed Bill is not the answer to this problem.

The scientific credibility of the risk assessments as a basis for decision making for both imports and particularly exports is a critical issue for the food and grocery sector. It is vital that the strict scientific protocol is used as a basis for assessing the risk and making individual permit conditions. Deviations from this will undermine the credibility of AQIS as the regulator locally and also internationally, bringing (even more) disarray to the current time consuming and business costly process of navigating the Australian import/export requirements for food. The Bill introduces a significant level of uncertainty for business un-necessarily. If the provisions and arrangements provides by Bio-security Australia are able to be made disallowable instruments by Parliament the risk for business is exacerbated in what is an extremely competitive global market place.

Any positive outcome of such action in having the Parliament review the decisions of the Director of Quarantine is negligible at best and a costly waste of time and resources at worst.

### 5. CONCLUDING STATEMENT

The food and grocery industry clearly recognises the community concerns around safety of imported foods. AFGC strongly supports the need for a robust, evidence-based, scientifically rigorous approach to Biosecurity risk assessment and that where there is a demonstrated need to protect human, animal or plant life, health or safety that imported products may be excluded. However, this must also be balanced against the need to support trade and provide fair and reasonable access to markets and provide a level of certainty for business.

The passing of this Bill would be an extremely poor outcome for all concerned – including industry, government and the consumer. Ultimately it will do little to protect farmers and horticulturists from cheaper imports and it risks further damaging the Australian food manufacturing sector on whom these producers rely to sell the large proportion of their produce.

AFGC is of the view the Bill is unsound in principle, contrary to Australia's WTO obligations, practically unworkable, unnecessary, will cause significant and unnecessary delays to the issuing of permits and hence to trade and weaken the institutional framework for Biosecurity.

We would therefore request the Committee to recommend that the Bill not be passed.

#### SUBMISSION

#### AFGC MEMBERS LIST AS AT 30 **JUNE 2011**

Arnott's Biscuits Limited Asia-Pacific Blending Corporation P/L

Barilla Australia Pty Ltd Beak & Johnston Pty Ltd

Beechworth Honey Ptv Ltd

Beerenberg Ptv Ltd Bickfords Australia

Birch and Waite Foods Pty Ltd **BOC Gases Australia Limited** 

Bronte Industries Pty Ltd

**Bulla Dairy Foods** 

Bundaberg Brewed Drinks Pty Ltd

**Bundaberg Sugar Limited** 

Byford Flour Mills T/a Millers Foods

Campbell's Soup Australia Cantarella Bros Pty Ltd

Cerebos (Australia) Limited

Cheetham Salt Ltd Christie Tea Pty Ltd

Church & Dwight (Australia) Pty Ltd

Clorox Australia Pty Ltd

Coca-Cola Amatil (Aust) Limited Coca-Cola South Pacific Pty Ltd

Colgate-Palmolive Pty Ltd Coopers Brewery Limited

Danisco Australia Pty Ltd

Devro Pty Ltd

DSM Food Specialties Australia Pty

Ltd

Earlee Products Eagle Boys Pizza

FPM Cereal Milling Systems Pty Ltd

Ferrero Australia

Fibrisol Services Australia Pty Ltd Fonterra Brands (Australia) Pty Ltd

Food Spectrum Group Foster's Group Limited Frucor Beverages (Australia) General Mills Australia Pty Ltd George Weston Foods Limited

GlaxoSmithKline Consumer Healthcare

Go Natural

Goodman Fielder Limited Gourmet Food Holdings

H J Heinz Company Australia Limited

Harvest FreshCuts Pty Ltd

Healthy Snacks Hela Schwarz

Hoyt Food Manufacturing Industries P/L

Hungry Jack's Australia Jalna Dairy Foods

JBS Australia Pty Limited

Johnson & Johnson Pacific Pty Ltd Kellogg (Australia) Pty Ltd

Kerry Ingredients Australia Pty Ltd Kimberly-Clark Australia Pty Ltd

Kraft Foods Asia Pacific

Laucke Flour Mills

Lion Nathan National Foods Limited

Madura Tea Estates

Manildra Harwood Sugars

Mars Australia

McCain Foods (Aust) Pty Ltd McCormick Foods Aust. Pty Ltd

McDonald's Australia

Merisant Manufacturing Aust. Pty Ltd

Nerada Tea Pty Ltd Nestlé Australia Limited Nutricia Australia Pty Ltd Ocean Spray International Inc Only Organic 2003 Pty Ltd Parmalat Australia Limited

Pfizer Consumer Healthcare Procter & Gamble Australia Pty Ltd

Queen Fine Foods Pty Ltd

**QSR** Holdings

Reckitt Benckiser (Aust) Pty Ltd

Safcol Canning Pty Ltd

Patties Foods Pty Ltd

Sanitarium Health and Wellbeing

Sara Lee Australia SCA Hygiene Australasia Schweppes Australia Sensient Technologies Simplot Australia Pty Ltd

Spicemasters of Australia Pty Ltd Stuart Alexander & Co Pty Ltd

Subway

Sugar Australia Pty Ltd

SunRice

Tasmanian Flour Mills Pty Ltd

Tate & Lyle ANZ

The Smith's Snackfood Co.

The Wrigley Company

Tixana Pty Ltd Unilever Australasia

Vital Health Foods (Australia) Pty Ltd

Ward McKenzie Pty Ltd Wyeth Australia Pty Ltd Yakult Australia Pty Ltd

Yum Restaurants International

#### Associate & \*Affiliate Members

Accenture

Australian Pork Limited ACI Operations Pty Ltd Amcor Fibre Packaging \*ASMI

AT Kearney

BRI Australia Pty Ltd

\*Baking Association Australia

CAS Systems of Australia

CHEP Asia-Pacific

CSIRO Food and Nutritional Sciences

CoreProcess (Australia) Pty Ltd

\*CropLife

CROSSMARK Asia Pacific

Dairy Australia

Food Liaison Pty Ltd

FoodLegal

\*Foodservice Suppliers Ass. Aust.

\*Food industry Association QLD

\*Food industry Association WA

Foodbank Australia Limited

\*Go Grains Health & Nutrition Ltd

**Grant Thornton** 

GS<sub>1</sub>

Harris Smith

IBM Business Cons Svcs innovations & solutions KN3W Ideas Pty Ltd

**KPMG** 

Leadership Solutions

Legal Finesse

Linfox Australia Pty Ltd

Logan Office of Economic Dev.

Meat and Livestock Australia Limited

Monsanto Australia Limited

New Zealand Trade and Enterprise

**RQA** Asia Pacific

StayinFront Group Australia

Strikeforce Alliance Swire Cold Storage

Swisslog Australia Pty Ltd

Tetra Pak Marketing Pty Ltd

The Food Group Australia

The Nielsen Company

Touchstone Cons. Australia Pty Ltd

Valesco Consulting FZE

Visy Pak

Wiley & Co Pty Ltd

#### **PSF Members**

Amcor Packaging Australia Bundaberg Brewed Drinks Pty Ltd Schweppes Australia Pty Ltd Coca-Cola Amatil (Aust) Limited Foster's Group Limited Lion Nathan Limited Owens Illinois Visy Pak

Level 2, Salvation Army House 2–4 Brisbane Avenue Barton ACT 2600

Locked Bag 1 Kingston ACT 2604

T: (02) 6273 1466 F: (02) 6273 1477 afgc@afgc.org.au www.afgc.org.au

