Attachment C: Summary of the significant elements relevant to addressing antimicrobial resistance issues between 1998 and 2013

Date	Significant element	Role / Outputs / Comments
1998 - 1999	JETACAR (Joint Expert Technical Advisory Committee on Antibiotic Resistance)	 brought together human, veterinary and food interests reviewed scientific evidence of linkage between use of antimicrobials in food-producing animals, and emergence and spread of resistant microorganisms to humans
Oct 1999	JETACAR Report	 provided the basis for the development of an integrated antibiotic-resistance management strategy 22 recommendations, including a number related to surveillance
Aug 2000	Commonwealth Response to JETACAR	 largely supported the thrust of JETACAR recommendations proposed the establishment of CIJIG and EAGAR to plan and implement
2000 - 2002	AHMC JETACAR Taskforce	 oversaw activities arising from the JETACAR report provided conduit for human health related issues to Health Ministers
2000 - 2004	CIJIG (Commonwealth Interdepartmental JETACAR Implementation Group)	 responsible for promoting implementation of JETACAR recommendations reported through AHMC JETACAR Taskforce
Apr 2001	AICA - National Surveillance of Healthcare Associated Infection in Australia	 report developed in response to JETACAR study of surveillance activities, policies and programs across Australia
May 2001	National Summit on Antibiotic Resistance	 involved participants from human health, food and primary industries proposed priorities for national action
2001	National consultation on antibiotic resistance surveillance	 formed part of the post-JETACAR Report consultation workshops and focus groups involved all states and territories seeking input to a antibiotic resistance surveillance plan
2003	Strategy for Antimicrobial Resistance Surveillance in Australia	 published in Communicable Diseases Intelligence proposed a comprehensive strategy to address JETACAR recommendations relating to surveillance
2001 – 2007	EAGAR (Expert Advisory Group on Antimicrobial Resistance)	 role of expert advisory group under the oversight of the NHMRC produced outlines of a comprehensive set of projects to address JETACAR recommendations
Aug 2006	EAGAR Comprehensive Integrated Surveillance Program to Improve Australia's Response to Antimicrobial Resistance	contained the outlines for nine projects that would address surveillance of antimicrobial resistance and antibiotic use
2010 - 2012	NHMRC AMRAC (Anti Microbial Resistance Advisory Committee)	 established by NHMRC in 2010 AMRAC's term expired on 30 June 2012
Feb 2011	Antimicrobial Resistance Summit – A call to urgent action	 jointly convened by the Australasian Society for Infectious Diseases (ASID) and the Australian Society for Antimicrobials (ASA) a proposed plan of action was published in the AMA journal
2012 - ongoing	AMRSC (Antimicrobial Resistance Standing Committee)	 established in 2012 in the review of committee structures under the COAG Standing Council on Health (SCoH)
2013	Senate Inquiry into progress of JETACAR recommendations	In November 2012, the Senate referred the matter of progress in the implementation of the JETACAR recommendations for inquiry and report
Legend:	Committees and working groups	Major reports and Key meetings and activities publications