The Hon Christian Porter MP

Attorney-General

Senator Dean Smith Chair Joint Committee of Public Accounts and Audit PO Box 6021 Parliament House CANBERRA ACT 2600 jcpaa@aph.gov.au 2 0 NOV 2018

Dear Chair Pu

I refer to the Joint Committee of Public Accounts and Audit inquiry into the Issuing of a Certificate under section 37 of the Auditor-General's Act 1997 – Inquiry based on Auditor-General's Report no. 6 (2018-19).

At the public hearing on 19 October 2018 my department took the following question on notice from Mr Julian Hill MP:

The time line from the Attorney-General's Department talks, at four points, about legal advice on the operation of section 37: on 18 January, 15 February, 7 May, 9 May and 14 June-that's five points. Can this be provided to the Committee?

My department provided confidential legal advice on the operation of section 37 of the *Auditor-General Act 1997*, and matters relating to the issuing of a certificate under the relevant legislation.

It has been the long-standing practice of successive Australian Governments not to disclose privileged legal advice. This practice has previously been outlined by the Hon Gareth Evans QC:

...[n] or is it the practice or has it been the practice over the years for any government to make available legal advice from its legal advisers made in the course of the normal decision making process of government, for good practical reasons associated with good government and also as a matter of fundamental principle... (Senate Hansard, 28 August 1995, page 466);

Then Senator, the Hon Joe Ludwig, put the position as follows:

To the extent that we are now going to go to the content of the advice, can I say that it has been a longstanding practice of both this government and successive governments not to disclose the content of advice. (Senate Legal and Constitutional Affairs Legislation Committee, Hansard of Estimates hearing, 26 May 2011, page 161); and

Similarly, the Hon Philip Ruddock MP stated:

...It is not the practice of the Attorney to comment on matters of legal advice to the Government. Any advice given, if it is given, is given to the Government... (House of Representatives Hansard, 29 March 2004, page 27405).

The Australian Government maintains that it is not in the public interest to depart from this established position. It is integral that privileged legal advice provided to the Commonwealth remains confidential. Access by Government to such confidential advice is, in practical terms, critical to the development of sound Commonwealth policy and robust law-making.

The specific harm that the doctrine of legal professional privilege seeks to prevent is the harm to the administration of justice that would result from the disclosure of confidential interactions between lawyer and client. Both the High Court of Australia and Federal Court of Australia have confirmed that legal professional privilege promotes the public interest by enhancing the administration of justice, facilitating freedom of consultation and encouraging full and frank disclosure between clients and their legal advisers.

Accordingly, in accordance with Senate Order 10(c)(3) of 13 May 2009, I claim public interest immunity over the confidential legal advice discussed above.

Yours sincerely

The Hon Christian Porter MP Attorney-General