

## 2024 Staff Survey

13 May to 28 June 2024

#### HIGHLIGHTS REPORT

#### **Overall**



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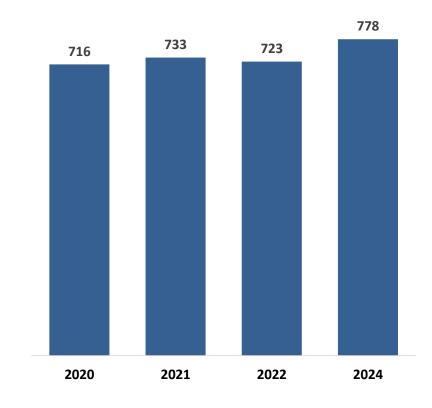
### **Background and methodology**

The Department of Parliamentary Services (DPS) conducts an annual staff survey to collect insights to assist in evaluation, planning, and targeting of action strategies to improve the workplace and staff wellbeing. This survey was administered as an online census of all DPS staff, and was conducted from 13 May to 28 June. The key objectives of this research were to:

- measure staff perceptions across a range of workplace factors, and
- compare results against previous findings.

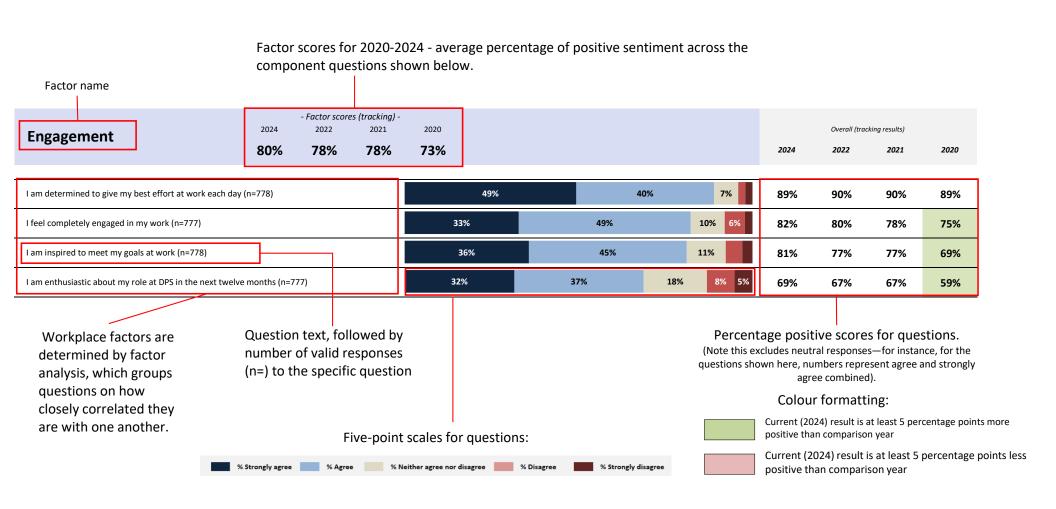
In total, 56 questions were included in the 2024 questionnaire. Around 70% of these questions were comparable with previous DPS surveys.

#### Survey responses (2020-2024)



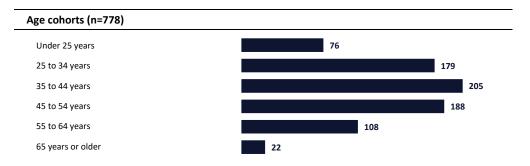
#### How to read this report

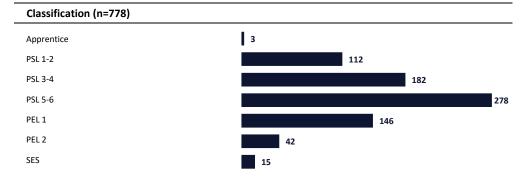
This report contains a series of tables that illustrate the high-level results for the DPS staff survey. Information on how to read these tables is provided on this page.

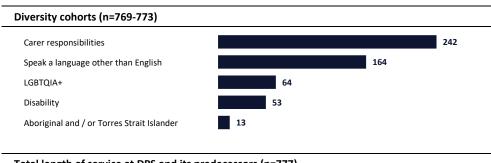


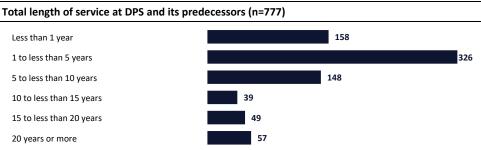
## **Respondent profile**











## Summary Overall factor results

#### **Factor scores**

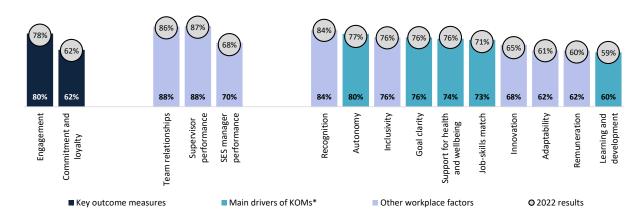
Key outcome measures

Engagement	80%
Commitment and loyalty	62%
Key outcome measures	
Team relationships	88%
Supervisor performance	88%
SES manager performance	70%

#### Key outcome measures

key buttome measures	
Recognition	84%
Autonomy	80%
Inclusivity	76%
Goal clarity	76%
Support for health and wellbeing	74%
Job-skills match	73%
Innovation	68%
Adaptability	62%
Remuneration	62%
Learning and development	60%

#### **Factor score chart**



\*Main drivers identified based on regression analysis conducted for all DPS staff.

The explanatory strength for the Engagement model was 57%; for the Commitment and loyalty model, 69%.

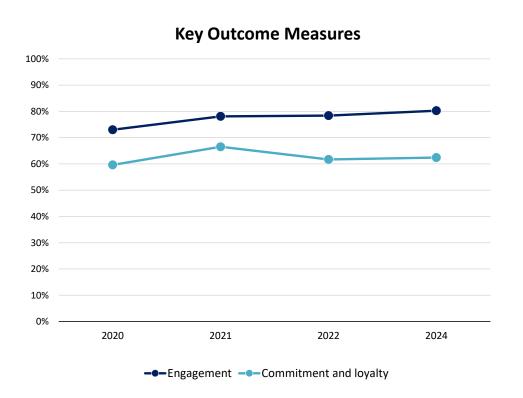
The Key Outcome Measures referred to in this report are **engagement (E)** and **commitment and loyalty (CL)**. Staff engagement has been shown to have positive correlations to staff performance/productivity, organisational commitment/loyalty and a reciprocal relationship with job and organisational satisfaction. Staff performance has been shown to have a positive relationship with organisational performance. In addition, organisational commitment/loyalty has been shown to reduce absenteeism and staff turnover while also having a positive impact on organisational performance.

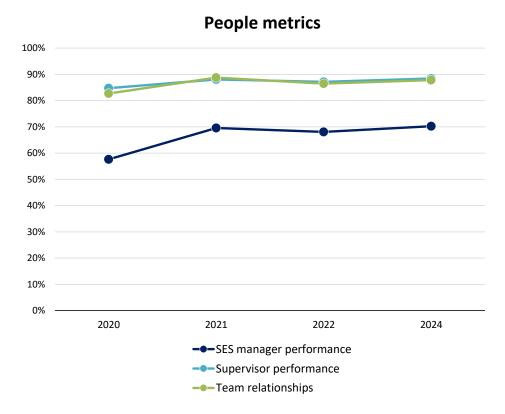
This report uses **workplace factors** to summarise the findings related to particular themes, as illustrated in the chart above. **Workplace factors** are determined by **factor analysis**, which groups questions on how closely correlated they are with one another. The components of each workplace factor are detailed in the following pages, as well as in the Red-Green Table. Factor scores are calculated by averaging the level of positive sentiment recorded across all component questions.

Regression modelling has been used to identify which workplace factors have the most impact on the key outcome measures. The numbers above defining the explantory strength of each model are derived from the coefficient of determination (or R²) score for model. The explanatory power can range from 0% to 100% (where the independent variables explain all of the movement in the dependent variable).

# Summary Key outcome measures and people metrics

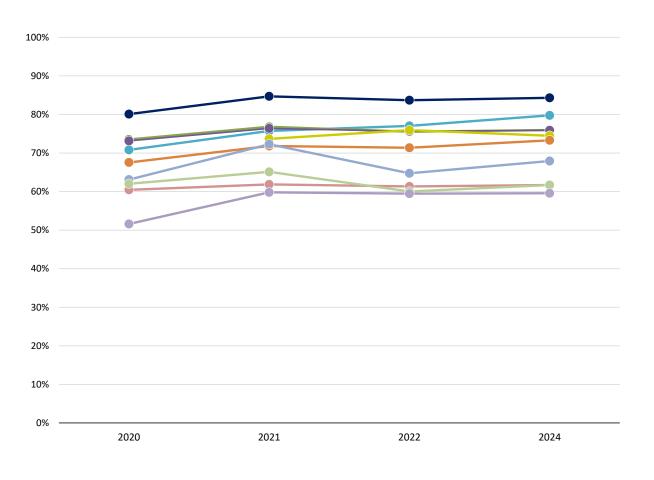
The charts below provide tracking results for the key outcome measures (Engagement, Commitment and loyalty) and people metrics (SES manager performance, Supervisor performance, Team relationships) from 2020 to 2024.





## **Summary:** *Other workplace factors*

The chart below provides tracking results for the other workplace factors measured in the survey from 2020 to 2024.

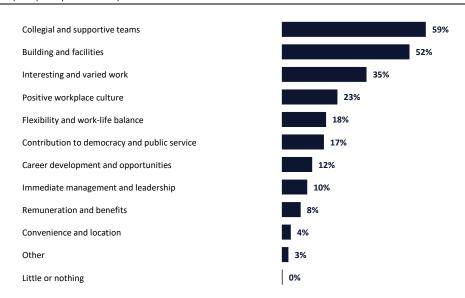




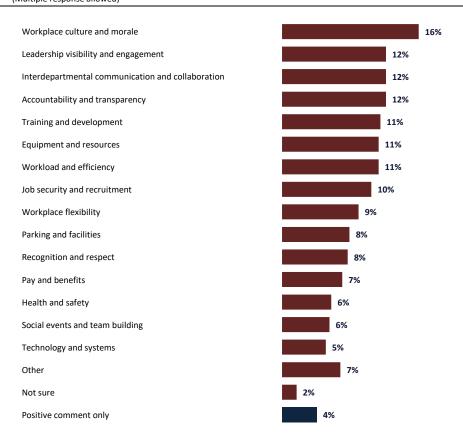
## **Summary:** Free text summary

#### q27. What are some things you like about working at DPS?

(Multiple response allowed)



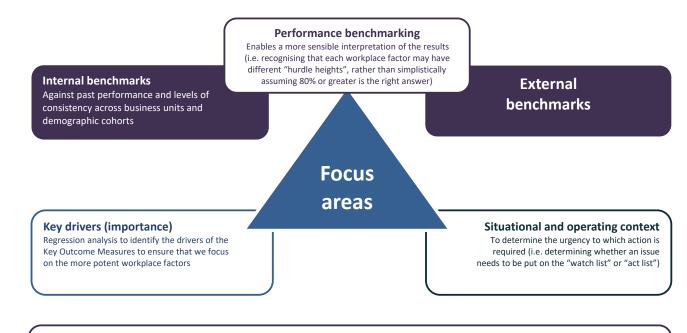
#### q28. What suggestions do you have to improve the DPS work environment? (Multiple response allowed)



## **Action planning:** *Triangulation of results*

The following is an evidence-based approach to identifying area of focus based on the survey results. The diagnostic approach described below triangulates the survey results against:

- External/internal benchmarks as this helps to 'right-size' our understanding of the results (i.e. low score does not necessarily mean poor score).
- The 'drivers' of the Key Outcome
   Measures (KOM: i.e. engagement,
   commitment and loyalty) that is, the
   inputs that correlate most with the
   KOMs, therefore potentially providing
   the best ROI.
- Situational context the findings need to be considered in light of the environmental factors surrounding teams. This will help to triage the areas for improvement.



When developing priority areas, consider the following:

- How do we support our people (e.g. mental health and wellbeing, capability development, goal and role clarity)
- How can we refine our processes (both our own processes and how we implement business/corporate processes)
- How can we improve on our deliverables/product/outcomes

### Focus Area 1:

	Reasons for priority	How to operationalise priority	Responsibility
Continue (What shall we continue doing?)			
Start (M/bat applied up atom daing?)			
Start (What could we start doing?)			
Stop (What should we stop doing?)			
(Tribe Should We Stop doing.)			

### Focus Area 2:

	Reasons for priority	How to operationalise priority	Responsibility
Continue (What shall we continue doing?)			
Start (What could we start doing?)			
Stop (What should we stop doing?)			

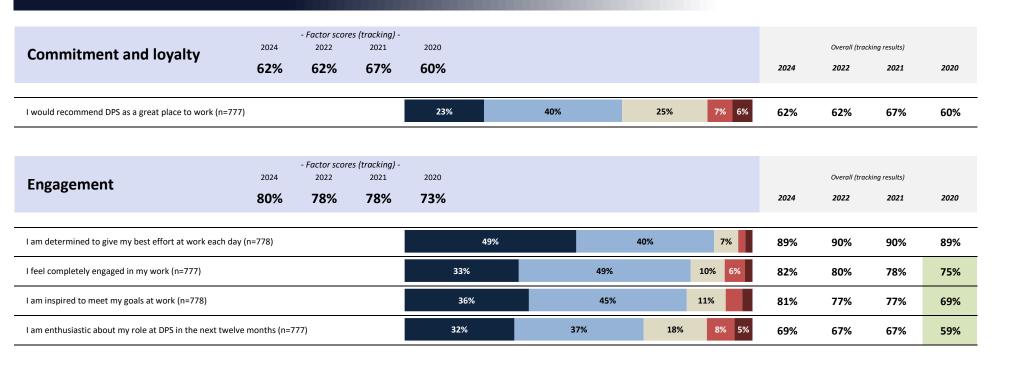
### Focus Area 3:

	Reasons for priority	How to operationalise priority	Responsibility
Continue (What shall we continue doing?)			
Start (What could we start doing?)			
Stop (What should we stop doing?)			

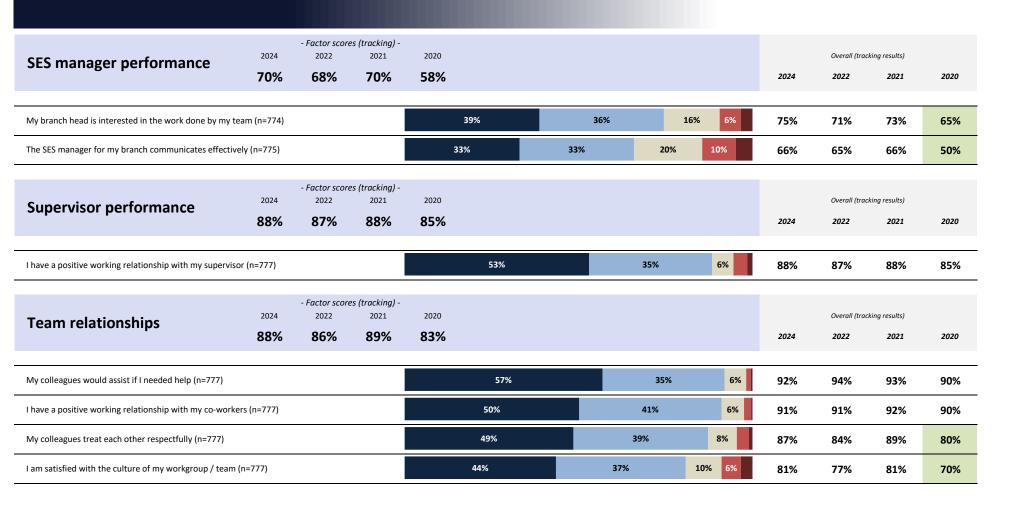
## **Detailed results**

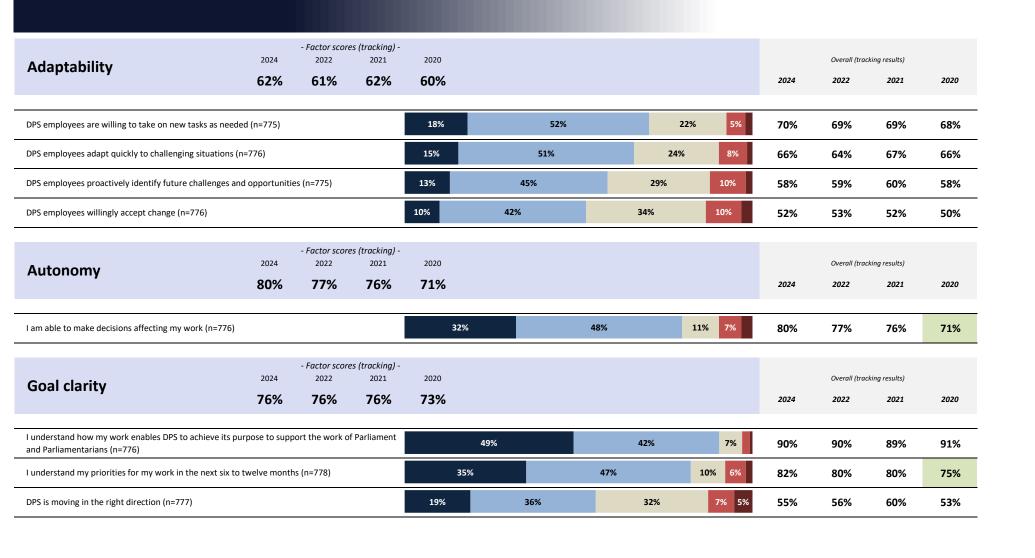


### **Key outcome measures**



## **People metrics**

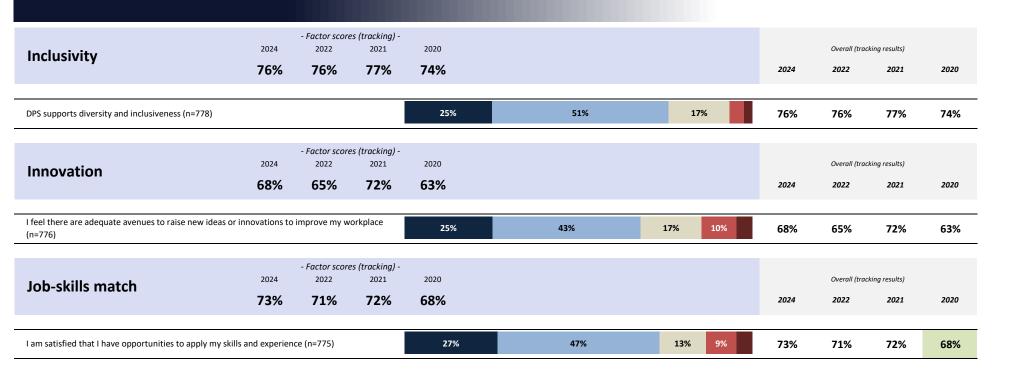


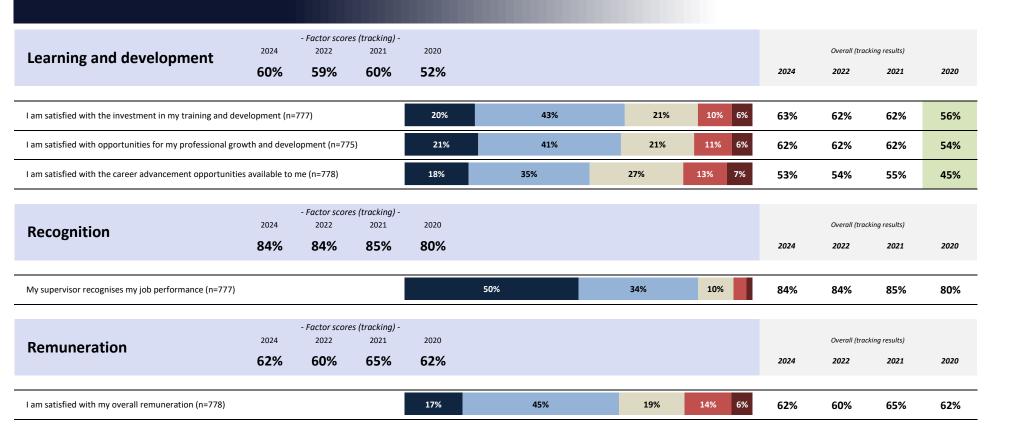


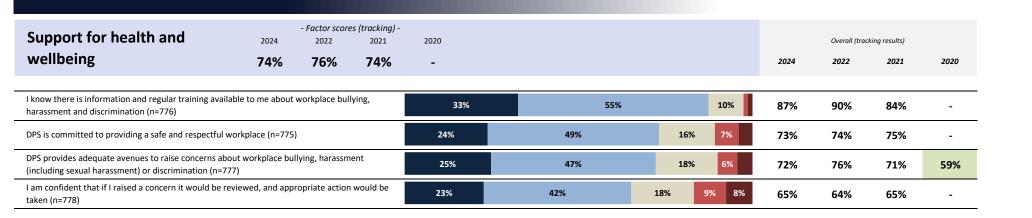
% Strongly disagree

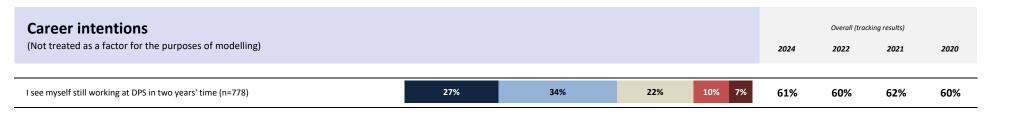
% Neither agree nor disagree

Key:





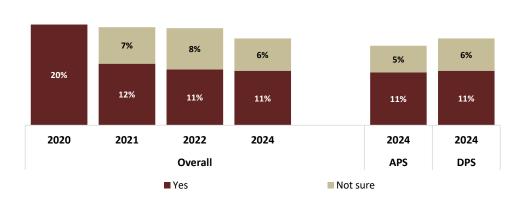




### **Inappropriate behaviours:**

## **Bullying and harassment**

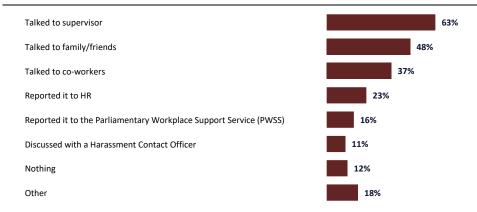
#### Subjected to workplace bullying or harassment in the last 12 months



#### Who was the behaviour you experienced from? (n=84)



#### What did you do in response? (n=83)



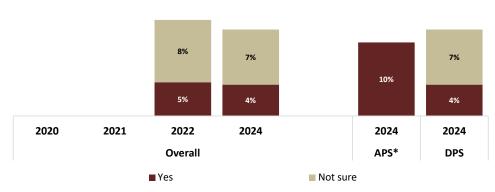
#### If you made a report, was it followed-up or reviewed? (n=70)



### **Inappropriate behaviours:**

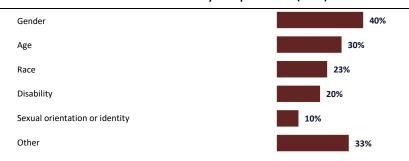
#### Discrimination

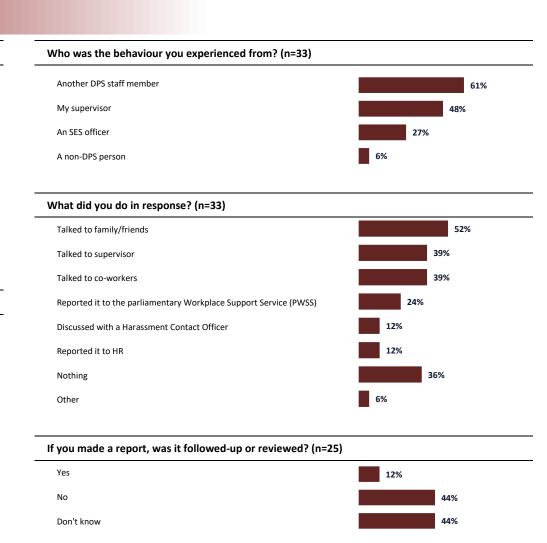
#### Subjected to workplace discrimination in the last 12 months



<sup>\*&#</sup>x27;Not sure' was not an option for the APS census

#### What was the basis of the discrimination you experienced? (n=30)



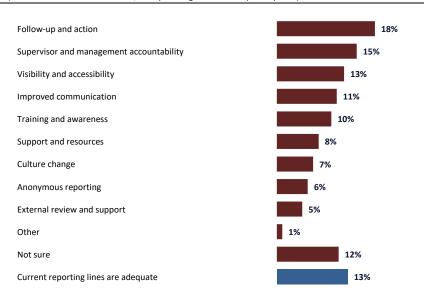


## **Inappropriate behaviours:**

## Comments on improving reporting avenues

#### q26. How can we improve reporting avenues for bullying and harassment?

(Coded from free-text comments; multiple categories allowed per response)



## **Response rates**

#### **Divisions** (reportable only shown)

	Population	Responses	Response rate
Corporate Services	200	143	72%
Design Integrity and Collections	42	32	76%
Finance and Property Services	212	139	66%
Information Services	271	200	74%
Parliamentary Library	170	133	78%
Security Division	261	122	47%
Not included in a reportable division	8	9	-
DPS overall	1,164	778	67%

#### Branches (reportable only shown)

	Population	Responses	Response rate
Commercial Operations	52	45	87%
Corporate Operations	52	43	83%
Parliamentary Engagement	77	49	64%
Art Collections	28	22	79%
Finance	40	25	63%
Planning and Quality	33	30	91%
Property Services	125	81	65%
Chief Information Security Officer Cyber Security	32	20	63%
Digital Capability and Portfolio Governance	20	19	95%
Digital Customer Services	77	67	87%
Digital Recording services	134	86	64%
Library Collections and Databases	48	45	94%
Research	108	74	69%
Security Enabling Services	45	45	100%
Security Operations	203	65	32%