

Part 4 Financial statements

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James Catchpole, Serjeant-at-Arms (third from right), with staff from the department's Finance Office. Photo: Michael Masters, Auspic/DPS.

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Independent auditor's report





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Speaker of the House of Representatives

Report on the Annual Financial Statements

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements of the Department of the House of Representatives for the year ended 30 June 2017:

- (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the Public Governance, Performance and Accountability (Financial Reporting) Rule 2015; and
- (b) present fairly the financial position of the Department of the House of Representatives as at 30 June 2017 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

The financial statements of the Department of the House of Representatives, which I have audited, comprise the following statements as at 30 June 2017 and for the year then ended:

- · Statement by the Clerk of the House and Chief Finance Officer;
- Statement of Comprehensive Income;
- Statement of Financial Position;
- Statement of Changes in Equity;
- Cash Flow Statement;
- · Administered Schedule of Comprehensive Income;
- Administered Schedule of Assets and Liabilities;
- Administered Reconciliation Schedule;
- · Administered Cash Flow Statement; and
- Notes to and forming part of the financial statements, comprising a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with the Australian National Audit Office Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Department of the House of Representatives in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements for financial statement audits conducted by the Auditor-General and his delegates. These include the relevant independence requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants to the extent that they are not in conflict with the Auditor-General Act 1997 (the Code). I have also fulfilled my other responsibilities in accordance with the Code. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Accountable Authority's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

As the Accountable Authority of the Department of the House of Representatives, the Clerk of the House is responsible under the *Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013* for the preparation and fair presentation of annual financial statements that comply with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the rules made under that Act. The Clerk of the House is also responsible for such internal control as the Clerk of the House determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Clerk of the House is responsible for assessing the Department of the House of Representatives' ability to continue as a going concern, taking into account whether the entity's operations will cease as a result of an administrative restructure or for any other reason. The Clerk of the House

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Independent auditor's report

is also responsible for disclosing matters related to going concern as applicable and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the assessment indicates that it is not appropriate.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian National Audit Office Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian National Audit Office Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud my involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 entity's internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Accountable Authority;
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Accountable Authority's use of the going concern basis of accounting
 and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or
 conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude
 that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related
 disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My
 conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future
 events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern; and
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Australian National Audit Office

Clue Luiss

Part 4

Clea Lewis Executive Director Delegate of the Auditor-General Canberra 19 September 2017

Certification



Statement of comprehensive income

for the period ended 30 June 2017

				Original
		2017	2016	Budget
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
NET COST OF SERVICES				
Expenses				
Employee Benefits	1A	18,762	19,208	20,078
Suppliers	1B	4,572	5,321	5,998
Depreciation and amortisation	4A	909	896	880
Write-Down and Impairment of Assets	1C	10	34	-
Losses from asset sales	-	11	6	3
Total expenses	-	24,264	25,465	26,959
Own-Source Income				
Own-source revenue				
Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services	2A	64	66	47
Other Revenue	2B	443	797	764
Total own-source revenue	_	506	863	811
Gains				
Other Gains	2C	1,914	1,895	2,125
Total gains	-	1,914	1,895	2,125
Total own-source income	_	2,420	2,758	2,936
Net cost of services		21,843	22,706	24,023
Revenue from Government	2D	24,159	20,668	23,143
Surplus/(Deficit) on continuing operations	-	2,316	(2,038)	(880)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net cost of services				
Changes in asset revaluation surplus		(17)	772	-
Total other comprehensive income	-	2,299	(1,266)	(880)

Statement of financial position

as at 30 June 2017

				Original
		2017	2016	Budget
	Notes	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000
ASSETS				
Financial assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	ЗA	3,057	570	350
Trade and Other Receivables	3B	14,837	14,732	12,691
Total financial assets	-	17,895	15,302	13,041
Non-financial assets				
Heritage and cultural	4A	419	422	419
Plant and equipment	4A	7,446	6,505	7,870
Computer software	4A	1,775	2,218	2,214
Inventories	4B	13	16	20
Other Non-Financial Assets	4C _	156	119	200
Total non-financial assets	_	9,809	9,280	10,723
Total assets	-	27,703	24,582	23,764
LIABILITIES				
Payables				
Suppliers	5A	286	334	200
Other Payables	5B	843	771	200
Total payables	-	1,129	1,105	400
Provisions				
Employee Provisions	6A	6,310	6,153	5,550
Total provisions	-	6,310	6,153	5,550
Total liabilities	-	7,439	7,258	5,950
Net assets	-	20,265	17,324	17,814
EQUITY				
Contributed equity		(10,393)	(11,035)	(10,393)
Reserves		14,192	14,209	13,767
Retained surplus/(Accumulated deficit)	_	16,466	14,150	14,440

Statement of changes in equity

for the period ended 30 June 2017

			Original
	2017	2016	Budget
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
CONTRIBUTED EQUITY	\$ 000	\$000	\$000 ¢
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	(11,035)	(11,677)	(11,035)
Adjusted opening balance	(11,035)	(11,677)	(11,035)
Transactions with owners			
Departmental capital budget	642	642	642
Total transactions with owners	642	642	642
Closing balance as at 30 June	(10,393)	(11,035)	(10,393)
RETAINED EARNINGS			
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	14,150	16,188	15,320
Adjusted opening balance	14,150	16,188	15,320
Comprehensive income			
Surplus/(Deficit) for the period	2,316	(2,038)	(880)
Total comprehensive income	2,316	(2,038)	(880)
Closing balance as at 30 June	16,466	14,150	14,440
ASSET REVALUATION RESERVE			
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	14,209	13,437	13,767
Adjusted opening balance	14,209	13,437	13,767
Comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income	(17)	772	-
Total comprehensive income	(17)	772	
Closing balance as at 30 June	14,192	14,209	13,767
TOTAL EQUITY			
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	17,324	17,948	18,052
Adjusted opening balance	17,324	17,948	18,052
Comprehensive income			
Surplus/(Deficit) for the period	2,316	(2,038)	(880)
Other comprehensive income	(17)	772	
Total comprehensive income	2,299	(1,266)	(880)
Transactions with owners			
Contributions by owners			
Departmental capital budget	642	642	642
Total transactions with owners	642	642	642
Closing balance as at 30 June	20,265	17,324	17,814

Cash flow statement

for the period ended 30 June 2017

		2017	2016	Original Budget
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000
Cash received				
Appropriations		23,765	21,781	24,483
Sale of goods and rendering of services		106	136	47
Revenue from external sources		710	596	662
Net GST received		344	260	71
Other	_	-	7	
Total cash received	_	24,925	22,780	25,263
Cash used				
Employees		18,550	19,162	20,023
Suppliers		3,088	3,654	3,669
Net GST paid	_	-	-	283
Total cash used	_	21,638	22,816	23,975
Net cash from/(used by) operating activities	_	3,287	(37)	1,288
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received				
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and	I			
equipment		4	-	-
Total cash received		4	-	
Cash used				
Purchase of property, plant and equipmen	t	1,414	1,333	1,930
Purchase of Intangibles		31	60	
Total cash used	-	1,445	1,393	1,930
Net cash from/(used by) investing activities	_	(1,441)	(1,393)	(1,930)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received				
Contributed equity (DCB)		642	642	642
Total cash received	-	642	642	642
	_			
Cash used	-			
Net cash from/(used by) financing activities	-	642	642	642
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held	_	2,487	(788)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning				
of the reporting period	_	570	1,357	350
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the				
reporting period	3A _	3,057	570	350



Administered schedule of comprehensive income

for the period ended 30 June 2017

				Original
		2017	2016	Budget
	Notes	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000
NET COST OF SERVICES				
Expenses				
Suppliers	16	324	317	322
Total expenses	_	324	317	322
Net (cost of)/contribution by services		(324)	(317)	(322)
Surplus/(Deficit)		(324)	(317)	(322)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	_	(324)	(317)	(322)

The above schedule should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Administered schedule of assets and liabilities

as at 30 June 2017

				Original
		2017	2016	Budget
	Notes	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000
ASSETS				
Financial assets				
Trade and Other Receivables	17	4	4	2
Total financial assets		4	4	2
Total assets administered on behalf of Gov	ernment	4	4	2
LIABILITIES				
Payables				
Suppliers	18A	26	-	26
Other Payables	18B	4	4	2
Total payables		30	4	28
Government		30	4	28
Net assets/(liabilities)		(26)	-	(26)

Administered reconciliation schedule

	2017	2016
	\$′000	\$′000
Opening assets less liabilities as at 1 July	-	(22)
Adjustment for errors	-	(4)
Adjusted opening assets less liabilities	-	(26)
Net (cost of)/contribution by services Expenses		
Payments to entities other than corporate		
Commonwealth entities	(324)	(317)
Appropriation transfers from Official Public Account	298	343
Closing assets less liabilities as at 30 June	(26)	-

The above schedule should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Accounting policy

Administered cash transfers to and from the official public account

The department does not collect Administered revenues. Cash is drawn from the OPA to make payments under Parliamentary appropriation on behalf of the government. These transfers to and from the OPA are adjustments to the administered cash held by the department on behalf of government and reported as such in the administered cash flow statement.

Administered cash flow statement

for the period ended 30 June 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	\$′000	\$′000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Net GST received		23	24
Total cash received		23	24
Cash used			
Suppliers		320	369
Total cash used		320	369
Net cash from/(used by) operating activities		(297)	(345)

	2017	2016
Notes	\$′000	\$′000
	298	343
	22	24
	320	367
	(23)	(22)
	297	345
17	-	-
	=	Notes \$'000 298 22 320 (23) 297

This schedule should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Overview

Objectives of the Department of the House of Representatives

The Department is one of four parliamentary Departments supporting the Australian Parliament. It is a not-for-profit entity. The Department provides services to support the efficient conduct of the House of Representatives, its committees and certain joint committees as well as a range of services for Members in Parliament House.

The Department is structured to meet one outcome:

Advisory and administrative services support the House of Representatives to fulfil its representative and legislative role.

The continued existence of the Department in its present form is dependent on continuing appropriations by Parliament for the Department's administration and programs.

The Department's activities contributing to this outcome are classified as either Departmental or Administered. Departmental activities involve the use of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses controlled or incurred by the Department in its own right. Administered activities involve the management or oversight by the Department, on behalf of the Parliament, of items controlled or incurred by the Government.

Basis of preparation of the financial report

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and are required by section 42 of the *Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013*.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- a) Public Governance, Performance and Accountability (Financial Reporting) Rule 2015 (FRR) for reporting periods ending on or after 1 July 2015; and
- b) Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations Reduced Disclosure Requirements issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention, except for certain assets and liabilities at fair value. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

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Taxation

The department is exempt from all forms of taxation except Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).



Reporting of administered activities

Administered revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities and cash flows are disclosed in the administered schedules and related notes.

Except where otherwise stated below, administered items are accounted for on the same basis and using the same policies as for Departmental items, including the application of Australian Accounting Standards.

Events after the reporting period

Departmental

There have been no significant events after balance date that may have an impact on the Department's operations.

Administered

There have been no significant events after balance date that may have an impact on the Department's operations.

Financial performance

This section analyses the financial performance of the Department of the House of Representatives for the year ended 2017.

Note 1 Expenses		
	2017	2016
	\$′000	\$′000
1A: Employee Benefits		
Wages and salaries	14,134	14,139
Superannuation		
Defined contribution plans	846	802
Defined benefit plans	2,013	1,870
Leave and other entitlements	1,625	2,280
Separation and redundancies	143	117
Total employee benefits	18,762	19,208
1B: Suppliers		
Goods and services supplied or rendered		
Staff Related Services	440	603
Travel	742	1,195
Office Services	2,876	2,980
Communication	105	117
Corporate Expenses	266	273
Total goods and services supplied or rendered	4,430	5,169
Goods supplied	330	356
Services rendered	4,100	4,813
Total goods and services supplied or rendered	4,430	5,169
Other suppliers		
Operating lease rentals	62	72
Workers compensation expenses	80	80
Total other suppliers	142	152
Total suppliers	4,572	5,321
Leasing commitments		

Operating leases 2016-17 included were effectively non-cancellable and comprise agreements for the provision of motor vehicles to senior executives and for departmental use.

Commitments for minimum lease payments in relation to non-cancellableoperating leases are payable as follows:Within 1 yearBetween 1 to 5 years1Total operating lease commitments38

1C: Write-Down and Impairment of Assets		
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	10	34
Total write-down and impairment of assets	10	34

51

37

88



Note 2 Own-source revenue and gains		
	2017	2016
	\$′000	\$′000
2A: Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services		
Sale of goods	26	26
Rendering of services	38	40
Total sale of goods and rendering of services	64	66
2B: Other Revenue		
Royalties	-	15
Funding from external sources	443	782
Total other revenue	443	797
2C: Other Gains		
Resources received free of charge		
Remuneration of auditors	83	85
Rent of premises	1,831	1,803
Other financial income		7
Total other gains	1,914	1,895
2D: Revenue from Government		
Appropriations		
Departmental appropriations	24,159	20,668
Total Revenue from Government	24,159	20,668

Accounting policy

Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when:

- >>> the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer;
- >> the Department retains no managerial involvement nor effective control over the goods;
- >>> the revenue and transaction costs incurred can be reliably measured; and
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the department.

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of contracts at the reporting date. The revenue is recognised when:

- >> the amount of revenue, stage of completion and transaction costs incurred can be reliably measured; and
- >>> the probable economic benefits from the transaction will flow to the Department.

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30 day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any impairment allowance amount. Collectability of debts is reviewed as at end of reporting period. Allowances are made when collectability of the debt is no longer probable.

Resources received free of charge

Resources received free of charge are recognised as gains when, and only when, a fair value can be reliably determined and the services would have been purchased if they had not been donated. Use of those resources is recognised as an expense. Resources received free of charge are recorded as either revenue or gains depending on their nature.

Contributions of assets at no cost of acquisition or for nominal consideration are recognised as gains at their fair value when the asset qualifies for recognition.

Revenue from Government

Amounts appropriated for departmental appropriations for the year (adjusted for any formal additions and reductions) are recognised as Revenue from Government when the Department gains control of the appropriation, except for certain amounts that relate to activities that are reciprocal in nature, in which case revenue is recognised only when it has been earned. Appropriations receivable are recognised at their nominal amounts.

Part 4

Financial position

This section analyses the Department of the House of Representatives assets used to conduct its operations and the operating liabilities incurred as a result.

Employee related information is disclosed in the People and Relationships section.

Note 3 Financial assets		
	2017	2016
	\$′000	\$′000
3A: Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash on hand or on deposit	3,057	570
Total cash and cash equivalents	3,057	570
3B: Trade and Other Receivables		
Goods and services receivables		
Goods and services	21	290
Total goods and services receivables	21	290
Appropriations receivables		
Appropriation receivable - existing programs	14,742	11,801
Appropriation receivable - special account	-	2,547
Total appropriations receivables	14,742	14,348
Other receivables		
Cash held by salary packaging providers	37	46
GST inputs credits receivable	38	47
Total other receivables	75	94
Total trade and other receivables (gross)	14,837	14,732

Credit terms for goods and services were within 30 days (2016: 30 days).

Accounting policy

Financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period.

Note 4 Non - financial assets

4A: Reconciliation of the opening and closin and intangibles	ng balances o	of property, p	plant and equi	pment
	Heritage	Property,		
	and	Plant and	Computer	
	cultural ¹	equipment	Software ²	Total
	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000	\$′000
As at 1 July 2016				
Gross book value	422	6,505	3,665	10,592
Accumulated depreciation, amortisation			(1,447)	(1,447)
and impairment	-	-	(1,447)	(1,447)
Total as at 1 July 2016	422	6,505	2,218	9,145
Additions				
Purchase	-	1,414	21	1,435
Internally developed	-	-	10	10
Depreciation and amortisation	-	(437)	(472)	(909)
Other movements				
Reclassification ³	14	(14)	-	-
Adjustment recognised in other				
comprehensive income ⁴	(17)	-	-	(17)
Disposals	. ,			. ,
Other	-	(22)	(3)	(25)
Total as at 30 June 2017	419	7,446	1,775	9,640
Total as at 30 June 2017 represented by				
Gross book value	419	7,883	3,671	11,972
Accumulated depreciation, amortisation				
and impairment	-	(437)	(1,895)	(2,332)
Total as at 30 June 2017	419	7,446	1,775	9,640
-			3	,

1. Other property, plant and equipment that met the definition of a heritage and cultural item were disclosed in the heritage and cultural asset class.

2. The carrying amount of computer software included \$18,804 (2016: \$12,948) of purchased software and \$1,756,586 (2016: \$2,205,915) of internally generated software.

3. During the year the following items were reclassified from Property, Plant and Equipment to the Heritage and Cultural class:

a) Despatch Box - Rosewood with sliver and enamel embossing; and

b) Despatch Box - Rosewood with sliver and enamel embossing.

These items have been classified as heritage and cultural due to their heritage value and cultural significance.

4. During the year the following items were removed from the Department's asset register:

a) Gold Key 1988 Parliament and;

b) Gold Key 1927 Parliament.

These items were identified as belonging to the Department of Parliamentary Services. The items have been removed from the register and the carrying value of the assets at the date of adjustment has been recognised in other comprehensive income.



Note 4 Non - financial assets (continued)

Accounting policy

Assets are recorded at cost on acquisition except as stated below. The cost of acquisition includes the fair value of assets transferred in exchange and liabilities undertaken. Financial assets are initially measured at their fair value plus transaction costs where appropriate.

Assets acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, are initially recognised as assets and income at their fair value at the date of acquisition, unless acquired as a consequence of restructuring of administrative arrangements. In the latter case, assets are initially recognised as contributions by owners at the amounts at which they were recognised in the transferor's accounts immediately prior to the restructuring.

Asset recognition threshold

Purchases of property, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the statement of financial position, except for purchases costing less than \$2,000, which are expensed in the year of acquisition (other than where they form part of a group of similar items which are significant in total).

The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Revaluations

Following initial recognition at cost, property, plant and equipment are carried at fair value less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Valuations are conducted with sufficient frequency to ensure that the carrying amounts of assets did not differ materially from the assets' fair values as at the reporting date. The regularity of independent valuations depended upon the volatility of movements in market values for the relevant assets.

Revaluation adjustments are made on a class basis. Any revaluation increment is credited to equity under the heading of asset revaluation reserve except to the extent that it reversed a previous revaluation decrement of the same asset class that was previously recognised in the surplus/deficit. Revaluation decrements for a class of assets are recognised directly in the surplus/deficit except to the extent that they reverse a previous revaluation increment for that class.

Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the asset restated to the revalued amount.

Depreciation

Depreciable property, plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives to the entity using, in all cases, the straight-line method of depreciation.

Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.



Note 4 Non - financial assets (continued)

Depreciation (continued)

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

	2017	2016
Property, plant & equipment	5 to 50 years	5 to 50 years

The entity has items of property, plant and equipment that are heritage and cultural assets that are not depreciated.

Impairment

All assets were assessed for impairment at 30 June 2017. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the entity were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no further future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

Accounting policy

Heritage and Cultural Assets

The Department has the following heritage and cultural assets with an aggregated fair value of \$419,000 (2016: \$422,000).

- >> Mace Garrard Engraved Silver
- >>> Dispatch Boxes (2) Rosewood with silver and enamel embossing
- >> Yirrkala Bark Petition 14 Aug 1963, Wood Bark 59.1cm X 33.2cm
- >>> Yirrkala Bark Petition 28 Aug 1963, Wood Bark 49.1cm X 30cm
- >> Yirrkala Bark Petition 8 Oct 1968, Wood Bark 59.1cm X 34cm
- >> Ritual Stick Yirrkala People 1976, Wood Feathers 47.1cm X 24.2cm

The Department has classified these items as heritage and cultural assets as they are primarily used for purposes which relate to their heritage value and cultural significance.



Note 4 Non - financial assets (continued)

Intangibles

The entity's intangibles comprise internally developed software for internal use. These assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Software is amortised on a straight-line basis over its anticipated useful life. The useful lives of the entity's software are 2 to 13 years (2016: 2 to 13 years).

All software assets were assessed for indications of impairment as at 30 June 2017.

2017	2016
\$'000	\$′000
13	16
13	16
13	16
	<u>13</u> 13

During 2017, \$2,745 of inventory held for sale was recognised as an expense (2016: \$1,816). No items of inventory were recognised at fair value less cost to sell.

4C: Other Non-Financial Assets		
Prepayments	156	119
Total other non-financial assets	156	119

No indicators of impairment were found for other non-financial assets.

Accounting policy

Inventories held for sale are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Inventories held for distribution are valued at cost, adjusted for any loss of service potential. Inventories acquired at no cost or nominal consideration are initially measured at current replacement cost at the date of acquisition.



Note 5 Payables		
	2017 \$′000	2016 \$′000
5A: Suppliers		
Trade creditors and accruals	286	334
Total suppliers	286	334
Settlement was usually made within 30 days.		
5B: Other Payables		
Salaries and wages	101	49
Superannuation	22	10
Salary Sacrifice Payable	37	46
Unearned income ¹	682	665
Input Tax Credit (GST) Payment to ATO	1	1
Total other payables	843	771

¹ Unearned income relates to payments from Department of Foreign Affairs (DFAT) (AusAid) funding for Pacific Parliamentary Development programs. Payment is made in advance of work being performed, and unspent funds are acquitted to DFAT.

Part 4

People and relationships

This section describes a range of employment and post-employment benefits provided to our people and our relationships with other key people.

Note 6 Employee provisions		
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$′000
6A: Employee Provisions		
Leave	6,310	6,153
Total employee provisions	6,310	6,153
Employee provisions expected to be settled		
No more than 12 months	1,543	1,437
More than 12 months	4,767	4,716
Total employee provisions	6,310	6,153

Accounting policy

Liabilities for 'short-term employee benefits and termination benefits expected within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts.

Other long-term employee benefits are measured as net total of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period minus the fair value at the end of the reporting period of plan assets (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled directly.

Leave

The liability for employee benefits includes provision for annual leave and long service leave.

The leave liabilities are calculated on the basis of employees' remuneration at the estimated salary rates that will be applied at the time the leave is taken, including the entity's employer superannuation contribution rates and additional oncosts (annual leave and long service leave) to the extent that the leave is likely to be taken during service rather than paid out on termination. The liability for long service leave has been determined by the short-hand method as at 30 June 2017. The estimate of the present value of the liability takes into account attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation.

Superannuation

The department's staff are members of the Commonwealth Superannuation Scheme (CSS), the Public Sector Superannuation Scheme (PSS), the PSS accumulation plan (PSSap) or other superannuation funds held outside the Australian Government.

The CSS and PSS are defined benefit schemes for the Australian Government. The PSSap is a defined contribution scheme. The liability for defined benefits is recognised in the financial statements of the Australian Government and is settled by the Australian Government in due course. This liability is reported in the Department of Finance's administered schedules and notes.

The department makes employer contributions to the employees' defined benefit superannuation scheme at rates determined by an actuary to be sufficient to meet the current cost to the Government. The entity accounts for the contributions as if they were contributions to defined contribution plans. The liability for superannuation recognised as at 30 June represents outstanding contributions.



Note 7 Key management personnel remuneration

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the department, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the department. The department has determined the key management personnel to be the Clerk of the House, Deputy Clerk of the House and four Clerks Assistant. Key management personnel remuneration is reported in the table below:

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Short-term employee benefits		
Salary	1,269	1,171
Motor vehicle allowance	75	66
Total short-term employee benefits	1,344	1,237
Post-employment benefits		
Superannuation	201	206
Total post-employment benefits	201	206
Other long-term employee benefits		
Annual leave	93	89
Long-service leave	30	29
Total other long-term employee benefits	123	118
Total key management personnel remuneration expenses	1,668	1,561

The total number of key management personnel that are included in the above table is 7. (2016: 7)

Note 8 Related party disclosures

Transactions with related parties

Given the breadth of Government activities, related parties may transact with the government sector in the same capacity as ordinary citizens. Such transactions include the payment or refund of taxes, receipt of a Medicare rebate or higher education loans. These transactions are not considered to be related party transactions.

The department transacts with other Australian Government controlled entities consistent with normal day-to-day business operations provided under normal terms and conditions, including the payment of workers compensation and insurance premiums, transactions between the other Parliamentary Departments and Department of Finance. These are not considered individually significant to warrant separate disclosure as related party transactions. Refer to Note 1A Employee Benefits for details on superannuation arrangements with the Commonwealth.

Giving consideration to relationships with related entities, and transactions entered into during the reporting period by the department, it has been determined that there are no related party transactions to be separately disclosed.

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This section identifies the Department of the House of Representatives funding structure

Part 4

Annual Appropriations for 2017					
	Appropriation Act	PGPA Act		Appropriation	
		Contion 74		applied in 2017	
	Annual	Section / 4	Total	(current and prior	
	Appropriation ¹	Receipts ²	appropriation	years)	Variance ³
	\$'000	000,\$	000,\$	000,\$	\$'000
Departmental					
Operating Budget	24,159	3,576	27,735	(24,794)	2,941
Capital Budget	642		642	(642)	•
Total departmental	24,801	3,576	28,377	(25,436)	2,941
Administered ³					
Operating Budget	322		322	(298)	24
Total administered	322		322	(298)	24

2. The s74 Receipts included \$2,601,108.47 from the original IPR Special Account on 29 March 2017 when it was subject to sun-setting.

3. The Departmental variance relates to the increase in s74 receipts due to the need to recognise the receipt of the Special Account. The Administered variance relates to balance undrawn for accrued expenses payable in 2017-18.

Note 9 Appropriations (continued)					
Annual Appropriations for 2016					
	Appropriation Act Annual	PGPA Act		Appropriation applied in 2016 (current and prior	
	Appropriation ¹ \$'000	Appropriation ¹ Section 74 Receipts Total appropriation \$'000 \$'000	Total appropriation \$'000	years) \$'000	Variance ² \$'000
Departmental					
Operating Budget	21,168	820	21,988	(22,646)	(658)
Capital Budget	642		642	(642)	
Total departmental	21,810	820	22,630	(23,288)	(658)
Administered					
Operating Budget	324		324	(322)	2
Total administered	324	-	324	(322)	2
1. In 2015-16, there were no appropriations subject to quarantine and no reductions. The Departmental and Administered Appropriation ceases to be in	oject to quarantine and	no reductions. The D	epartmental and Adm	ninistered Appropriation o	ceases to be in

2 2 force on 1 July 2018.

unspent amounts to fund capital projects in excess of the Departmental Capital appropriation. The Administered variance relates to balance undrawn 2. The Departmental variance relates to capital expenditure funded from undrawn 2013-14 appropriation. The Department draws from the prior year for expenses payable in 2016-17. Part 4



Note 10 Unspent annual appropriations ('recoverable GST exclusive')		
	2017 \$'000	2016 \$′000
Departmental		
Appropriation (Parliamentary Departments) Act (No. 1) 2013-14	80	80
Appropriation (Parliamentary Departments) Act (No. 1) 2015-16	-	11,801
Appropriation (Parliamentary Departments) Act (No. 1) 2016-17	14,742	-
Total departmental	14,822	11,881
Appropriation (Parliamentary Departments) Act (No. 1) 2015-16	-	2
Appropriation (Parliamentary Departments) Act (No. 1) 2016-17	26	-
Total administered	26	2

Note 11 Disclosures by agent in ('recoverable GST exclu	n relation to special appropriations usive')	
	Department of Finance (third party access)	Australian Public Service Commission (third party access)
2017	\$'000	\$'000
Total receipts	7,890	39,641
Total payments	7,890	39,641
	Department of Finance (third party access)	Australian Public Service Commission (third party access)
2016	\$'000	\$'000
Total receipts	7,415	37,402
Total payments	7,415	37,402



Note 12 Special account		
		y Relations al Account artmental) ¹
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Balance brought forward from previous period Increases	2,560 51	2,550 60
Total increases	51	60
Available for payments	2,611	2,610
Decreases		
Departmental	(2,611)	(50)
Total departmental	(2,611)	(50)
Total decreases ²	(2,611)	(50)
Total balance carried to the next period	-	2,560
Balance represented by:		
Cash held in entity bank accounts	-	13
Cash held in the Official Public Account	-	2,547

1. Appropriation: Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013 section 80. Establishing Instrument: 2004/08.

Purpose: For the receipt of all moneys and the payment of all expenditure related to the operation of the Commonwealth Parliamentary Association on behalf of the States, Territories and Commonwealth Branches of the Commonwealth Parliamentary Association, inter-parliamentary training, education and development services provided to support other governments and bodies that are not non-corporate Commonwealth entities within the meaning of the *Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act2013.*

The Minister for Finance has approved the earning of interest for this account under section 20 of the *Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997*. Interest is appropriated under this section of the Act.

2. The Special Account became subject to sun-setting provisions during the reporting period. \$2,601,108.47 was drawn down on 29 March 2017 and deposited into the Official Inter-parliamentary Relations bank account pending the release of a new delegation from the Finance Minister.

Note 13 Net cash appropriation arrangements		
	2017	2016
	\$′000	\$′000
Total comprehensive income/(loss) less depreciation/amortisation expenses previously funded through revenue appropriations	3,207	(370)
Plus: depreciation/amortisation expenses previously funded through revenue appropriation	(909)	(896)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) - as per the Statement of		
Comprehensive Income	2,299	(1,266)

Part 4

Managing uncertanties

This section analyses how the Department of the House of Representatives manages financial risks within it operating environment.

Note 14 Financial instruments		
	2017	2016
	\$′000	\$′000
Categories of Financial Instruments		
Financial Assets		
Loans and receivables		
Cash and cash equivalents	3,057	570
Trade and other receivables	58	337
Total loans and receivables	3,115	907
Total financial assets	3,115	907
Financial Liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Suppliers	286	334
Other Payables	682	665
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	968	999
Total financial liabilities	968	999

Accounting policy

Financial assets

The department classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- a) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss; and
- b) loans and receivables.

The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Loans and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at the carrying amount less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period.

Financial liabilities

Supplier and other payables are recognised at amortised cost and consist of trade creditors, accruals and unearned income.

Fair value

The fair value of the department's financial assets and the liabilities equal the carrying amount in the current and preceding financial year.



Note 15 Fair value		
	Fair value measu the end of the 2017 \$'000	
Non-financial assets ¹ Property, Plant and Equipment ² Heritage & Cultural ²	7,446 419	6,505 422

1. The Department's assets are held for operational purposes and not held for the purposes of deriving profit. The current use of all NFAs is considered their highest and best use

2. The Department did not measure any non-financial assets at fair value on a non-recurring basis as at 30 June 2017

Accounting policy

The Department tests the procedures of the valuation model as an asset materiality review at least once every 12 months (with a formal revaluation undertaken once every three years). If a particular asset class experiences significant and volatile changes in fair value (i.e. where indicators suggest that the value of the class has changed materially since the previous reporting period), that class is subject to specific valuation in the reporting period, where practicable, regardless of the timing of the last specific valuation. For the period ended 30 June 2017, the Department engaged JLL Public Sector Valuations Pty Ltd (JLL) to undertake a materiality review of all plant and equipment assets and confirm that the models developed comply with AASB 13.

The materiality assessment carried out by JLL determined that there was no material difference between the carrying values of assets to the fair value of assets.

Expenses administered on behalf of Government

This section analyses the activities that the Department of the House of Representatives does not control but administers on behalf of government. Unless otherwise noted, the accounting policies adopted are consistent with those applied for departmental reporting.

Note 16 Administered expenses		
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Suppliers		
Goods and services supplied or rendered		
Hospitality Services	324	317
Total goods and services supplied or rendered	324	317
Services rendered	324	317
Total goods and services supplied or rendered	324	317
_		
Total suppliers	324	317

Assets and liabilities administered on behalf of Government

Note 17 Administered financial assets		
	2017	2016
	\$′000	\$′000
Trade and Other Receivables		
Other receivables		
GST Receivable from Australian Taxation Office	4	4
Total other receivables	4	4
Total trade and other receivables	4	4
Trade and other receivables expected to be recovered		
No more than 12 months	4	4
Trade and other receivables aged as follows		
Not overdue	4	4
Total trade and other receivables	4	4

The only receivable is GST receivable. There was no impairment allowance.



Note 18 Administered payables		
	2017	2016
	\$′000	\$′000
18A: Suppliers		
Trade creditors and accruals	26	-
Total suppliers	26	-
Suppliers expected to be settled		
No more than 12 months	26	-
Total suppliers	26	-

Settlement was usually within 30 days.

	2017	2016
	\$′000	\$′000
18B: Other Payables		
GST Appropriation payable to OPA	4	4
Total other payables	4	4
Other payables expected to be settled		
No more than 12 months	4	4
Total other payables	4	4

2017	2016
\$′000	\$′000
4	4
4	4
4	4
26	-
26	-
26	-
	\$'000 \$'000 4 4 26 26 26

Major budget variances

This section provides explanations for major budget variances between the department's budget and actual results for the year ended 2017.

Note 20 Departmental budget variances commentary

Explanations of major variances

Affected line items (and statement)

Employees

Part 4

The variances were caused by the following factors; the primary factor being the Election and commencement of the 45th Parliament taking place at the beginning of the reporting period. Initially, this resulted in a greater than normal amount of staff taking leave. During the first half of the financial year the department was not fully staffed. Secondly, staff movements at all levels due to internal recruitment decisions resulted in shortterm vacancies. The timing of the Election was not known when setting budget forecasts. Employee benefits expense (Statement of Comprehensive Income), Employee Provisions (Statement of Financial Position), Operating cash used -employees (Cash Flow Statement)

Own source revenue

The variances were caused by a number of factors; due to the timing of the Election the programs facilitated through funding from Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade were not able to be progressed as forecast in the budget. The department has been successful in securing an extension of time for some of these programs. The department did not receive any revenue from royalties during the reporting period.

Sales of Goods and Rendering of Services (Statement of Comprehensive Income), Other revenue (Statement of Comprehensive Income), Other Payables (Statement of Financial Position), Operating cash received - Sale of goods and rendering of services, Net GST received, Revenue from external sources, Other (Cash Flow Statement)

Financial assets

The variance was caused by an increase to appropriation revenue received in the budget not able to be matched with a corresponding increase in expenses due to the timing of the Election. This resulted in an increase to cash receivables and was not able to be forecast in the budget. Trade and other receivables (Statement of Financial Position)

Non-financial assets

The variance was caused by the purchase of print-room equipment being delayed until 2017-18; office furniture project tracking below forecast budget; software development projects not progressing as forecast and a decrease in prepayments due to a decrease in annual premiums not forecast in the budget. Plant and equipment, Computer Software and Other Non-Financial Assets (Statement of Financial Position), Investing activities - cash used (Cash Flow Statement).