## Parliamentary Joint Committee on Corporations and Financial Services - Oversight of ASIC, the Takeovers Panel and the Corporations Legislation - Response to Question on Notice

Hearing Date: 27 June 2023
Response Date: 28 July 2023
Question Reference: Page 52

## Question:

Chair: Again, on notice, could you provide a list of the other post-trade settlement services that ASX was seeking to move into with the CHESS replacement program?

## Response:

The original CHESS replacement program, if implemented, would have meant that ASX could:

- Further centralise, control access to, and commercialise the full set of post-trade data; and
- Control user's ability to interact with CHESS (for example, by deciding whether they could have access to a node)

We have provided further information about these factors in our response to Question on Notice 1.
The effect of these two factors is that ASX would have had total control of the competitive landscape of post-trade services, allowing it to move into any area it wanted and control the ability of any other party to deliver competition.

Other commentators have raised examples of specific areas of concern, such as security holdings administration, issuer services \& administration, managing investor queries, and certain types of corporate action processing - all of which have generally been performed by share registries ${ }^{1}$.

However, Cboe is not in a position to state whether ASX was in fact seeking to move into these or any other areas.

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ See for example Computershare submission to CHESS Replacement: New Scope and Implementation Plan, Computershare, 2018

